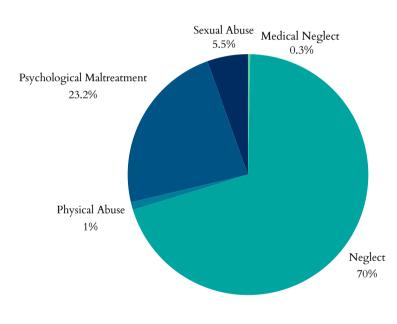
Child Maltreatment

- In 2023, Wyoming had <u>5,711</u> total referrals for child abuse and neglect. Of those, 2,043 were screened in for response by CPS.
- 762 were child victims of abuse or neglect, at a rate of 5.9 children per 1,000 (30.5% decrease since 2019).
- Of the 762 children, **578** were first-time victims.
- Largest age group of victims = <1years, representing 104 of the 762 cases.



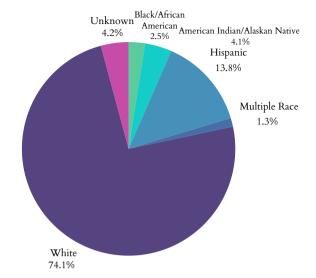
Types of Maltreatment Victims, <u>2023</u>

Workforce

There are <u>580</u> child, family, and school social workers in Wyoming with a median wage of **\$25.67** (compared to Wyoming's minimum wage: <u>**\$7.25**</u>)



Child Victims by Race or Ethnicity, 2023



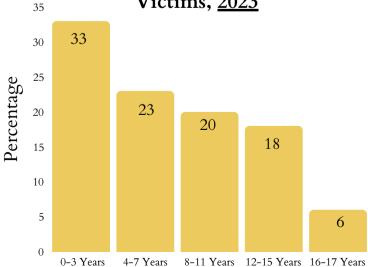
Perpetrators of child maltreatment (2023):

- <u>86%</u> = parents of the child.
- 14% = non-parents or unknown relationship.

Child victims (2023):

- **49**% = female; **51**% = male.
- Child fatalities decreased from <u>3</u> in 2022 to <u>0</u> in 2023.
- Wyoming reported 0 total child victim of sex trafficking.
- Post-response services given to 654 victims and 2,531 non-victims.

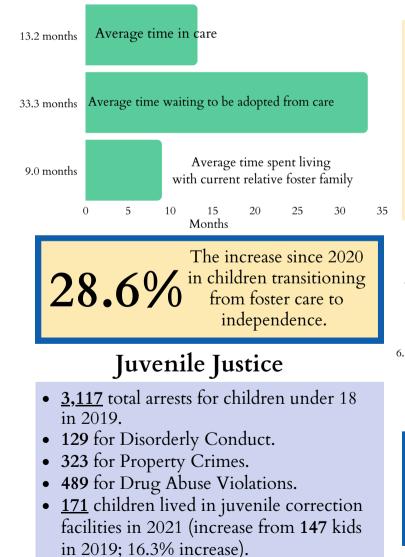
Age Distribution of Maltreatment Victims, <u>2023</u>



Foster Care and Adoptions

- <u>1,525</u> total children were served by the foster care system in FY 2022.
- **756** in care as of 09/30/2022.
- During 2022, **716** children entered care and **769** exited.
- 109 children were adopted; 107 were waiting to be adopted.
- 9.6% decrease in the number of children in care between 2021–2022. Adoptions from the system also increased by 3.8% from 2021.

Duration in Care, 2021



Where are Children in Foster Care Staying? <u>2021</u>

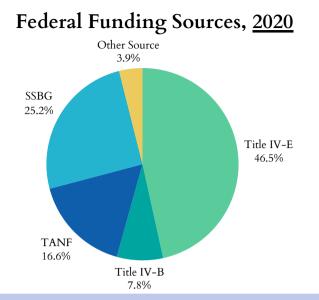






Funding for Child Welfare Services

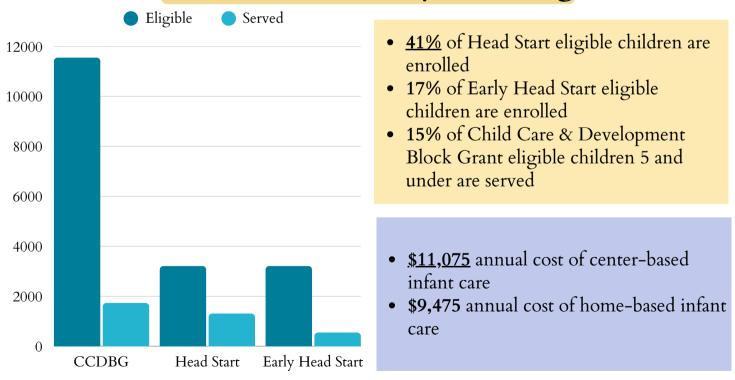
- Wyoming spent <u>\$11,574,872</u> on child welfare services in 2020
 - Child welfare services = direct and administrative services
- \$11,226,898 = from the federal government



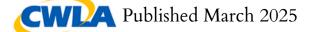
The significant funding sectors of the \$<u>11,226,898</u> in federal funding received in Wyoming in 2020:

- \$3,421,422 as part of the Title IV-E Total Foster Care Program.
- \$1,099,118 as part of the Title IV-E Adoption Assistance Program.
- Wyoming's sum of expenditures for Social Service Block Grants in 2022 was \$2,774,429

Child Care & Early Learning





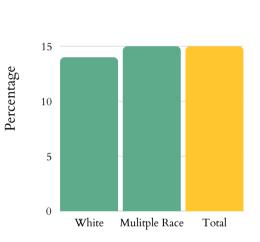


Child Poverty

- <u>27,000</u> children lived with parents who lacked secure employment in 2023 (21% of all children).
- Average number of TANF recipients rose from <u>1,049</u> in 2022 to <u>1,117</u> in 2023 (6.4% increase).

Child Poverty by Race or Ethnicity, <u>2023</u>

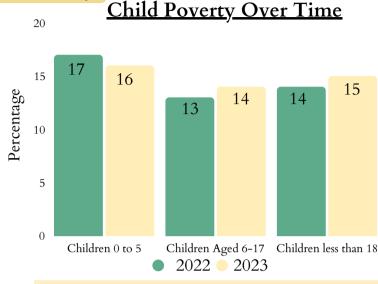
20



Note: Data unavailable for other races.

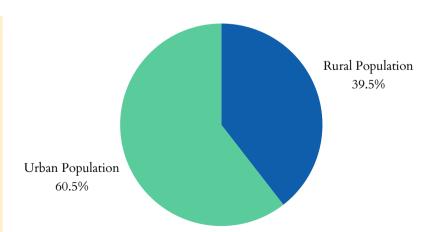
HOUSING

- <u>428</u> children, from birth to three-yearsold, are experiencing homelessness (1.72%)
- <u>36.5%</u> of households receiving the Low Income Housing Tax Credit report having at least one member under 18
- <u>21%</u> of children lived in households with a high housing cost burden.
- <u>1,167</u> total Wyoming residents living in public housing



- The state spent <u>\$5,228,827</u> on WIC in 2023, serving <u>7,571</u> people: an 8.5% increase in total participants and 1.4% increase in spending since 2022.
- <u>83,780</u> people were food insecure between 2021 and 2023, including 25,140 children.
- <u>48.7%</u> of households receiving SNAP benefits in 2021 had children.

Total Urban vs. Rural Population of Wyoming, <u>2020</u>



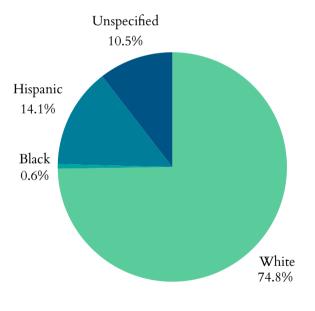




Health

- <u>539</u> low birth-weight babies (<5.5lbs) born in 2023 (**9.0**% of births).
- <u>630</u> preterm births (<37wks) in 2022 (10.42% of births).
 - 10.19% of all White babies
 - 0% of all Black babies
- <u>246</u> births to mothers aged 15–19 in 2023 -- a rate of **13** in every 1,000 teen girls.
- <u>22</u> infants aged <1yr died in 2023; a rate of **3.7** per 1,000.

Percentage of All Preterm Births by Race or Ethnicity, <u>2022</u>



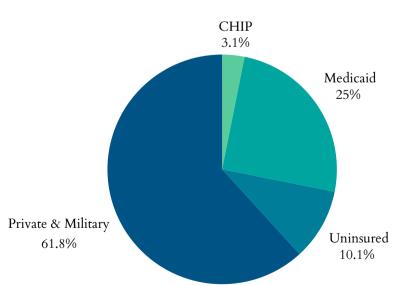
Medicaid Expansion

Wyoming is not a <u>Medicaid</u> <u>expansion</u> state.

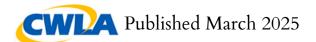
Maternal Mortality

- <u>7</u> Wyoming women died while pregnant, or within 42 days post pregnancy from any cause relating to or aggravated by said pregnancy, excluding accidents and incidents
- For every 100,000 live births in Wyoming, there is an unknown number of maternal deaths
- <u>10,000</u> children had no health insurance in 2023 (9% decrease from 2022).
- <u>45,000</u> children were enrolled in Medicaid in 2023 (37% increase from 2022).
- <u>4,996</u> children in Wyoming were in the state Children Health Insurance Program (CHIP) in 2021 (270% increase from 2020).

Health Insurance Coverage for Children, <u>2021</u>



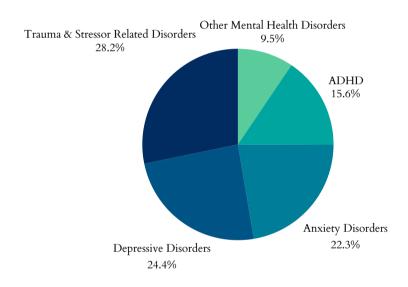




Zero to Three

- <u>58.0%</u> of babies live above low-income
- 25.9% of babies live at low income
- 16.1% of babies live in poverty
- 5.6% of babies live in deep poverty
- 81.6% of new parents have at least one parent working full time

Top 5 Mental Health Diagnoses Among Children, <u>2022</u>



Plans for Safe Care

- In 2023, Wyoming reported <u>0</u> infants screened in with prenatal substance exposure.
- Plans of safe care were not needed.

Wyoming <u>does have a Family First</u> <u>plan</u> approved by the administration.

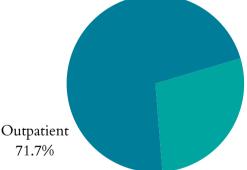
Teens & Youth

- <u>2,000</u> youth (16-19yrs) were not in school nor working in 2023 (7%)
- <u>Zero</u> children <19yrs were killed by a firearm in Wyoming in 2020.

Mental Health

- <u>3,243</u> children received mental health treatment in Wyoming in 2022 (0.2%)
- In 2022 there were <u>25.4</u> deaths from suicide per 100,000 adolescents aged 15–19 in Wyoming.

Treatment Type for Youth with Substance Use Disorder, <u>2023</u>



Residential 28.3%

Substance Use

- From 2015 to 2019, an average of <u>3,187</u> children in Wyoming (1.6% of the state's child population) lived with parents having a substance use disorder.
- On March 31st, 2023, <u>226</u> clients 18 and under were in treatment for SUD.



