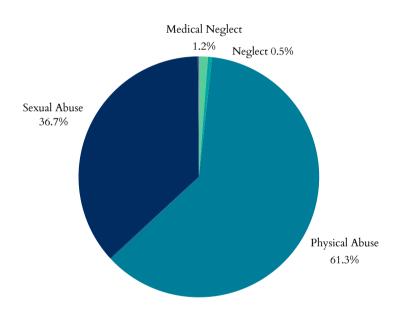
Child Maltreatment

- In 2023, Vermont had <u>19,624</u> total referrals for child abuse and neglect. Of those, <u>3,600</u> were screened in for response by CPS.
- 660 child victims of abuse or neglect, at a rate of 5.8 children per 1,000 (22.4% decrease since 2019).
- Of the 660 children, 539 were first-time victims.
- Largest age group of victims = 14-15 years, representing 120 of the 660 cases.

Types of Maltreatment Victims, 2023

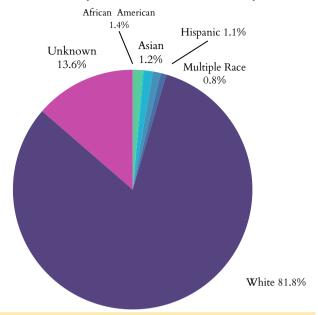


Workforce

There are <u>750</u> children, family, and school social workers in Vermont with a mean wage of \$28.89 (compared to Vermont's minimum wage: \$14.01)



Child Victims by Race or Ethnicity, 2023



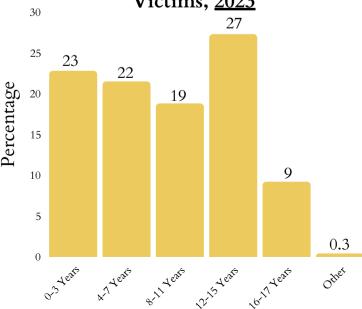
Perpetrators of child maltreatment (2023):

- 79.7% = parents of the child.
- 20.4% = non-parents or unknown relationship.

Child victims (2023):

- 60.8% = female; 39.2% = male.
- Child fatalities increased from <u>0</u> in 2022 to <u>3</u> in 2023.
- Vermont reported 1 total child victim of sex trafficking.
- Post-response services given to 218 victims and 488 non-victims.

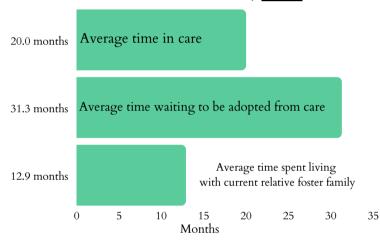
Age Distribution of Maltreatment Victims, 2023



Foster Care and Adoptions

- 1,663 total children were served by the foster care system in FY 2022.
- 1,096 in care as of 09/30/2022.
- During 2022, 637 children entered care and 567 exited.
- 175 children were adopted; 250 were waiting to be adopted.
- 4% increase in the number of children in care between 2021-2022. Adoptions from the system also decreased by 13.4% from 2021.

Duration in Care, 2021

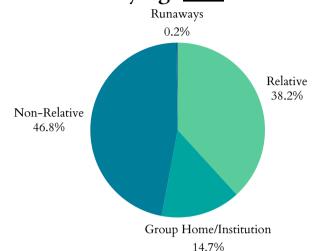


The increase since 2020 38.6% in children transitioning from foster care to independence.

Juvenile Justice

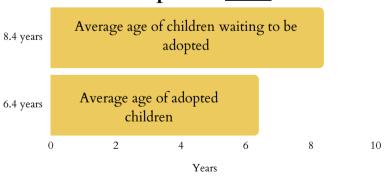
- 803 total arrests for children under 18 in
- 101 for Disorderly Conduct.
- 135 for Property Crimes.
- 27 for Drug Abuse Violations.
- <u>o</u> children lived in juvenile correction facilities in 2021 (decrease from 18 kids in 2019; 100% decline).

Where are Children in Foster Care Staying? <u>2021</u>



- In 2021, 35 children exited foster care due to age (38.6% decrease from 2020).
- 429 children were living with nonrelatives; 350 stayed with a relative.
- 135 children were staying in group homes or institutions; 2 children classified as runaways.
- 4% of households had a grandparent living with a grandchild.

Adoption, 2020



100%

The decline since 2019 of children living in juvenile correction facilities.

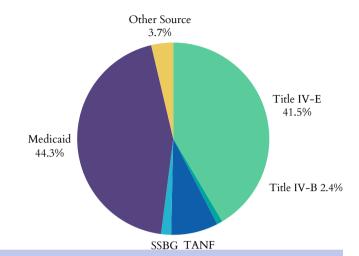




Funding for Child Welfare Services

- Vermont spent <u>\$105,918,563.63</u> on child welfare services in 2020.
 - Child welfare services = direct and administrative services
- \$61,028,144.42 = from the federal government
- \$44,035,342.21 = from state and local funds.

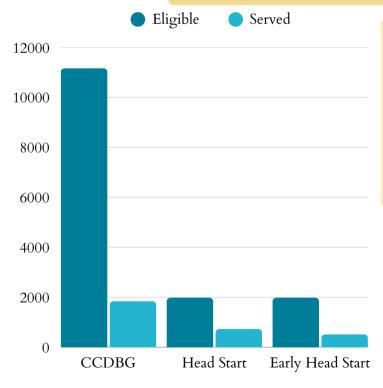
Federal Funding Sources, 2021



The significant funding sectors of the <u>\$61,028,144.42</u> in federal funding received in Vermont in 2020:

- \$12,763,516.00 as part of the Title IV-E Total Foster Care Program.
- \$11,633,828.00 as part of the Title IV-E Adoption Assistance Program.
- Vermont's sum of expenditures for Social Service Block Grants in 2022 was \$7,812,642

Child Care & Early Learning



- <u>37%</u> of Head Start eligible children are enrolled
- 26% of Early Head Start eligible children are enrolled
- 16% of Child Care & Development Block Grant eligible children 5 and under are served
- <u>\$17,973</u> annual cost of center-based infant care
- \$12,395 annual cost of home-based infant care

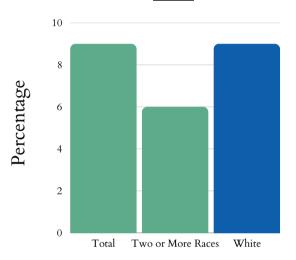




Child Poverty

- <u>23,000</u> children lived with parents who lacked secure employment in 2023 (20% of all children).
- Average number of TANF recipients increased from <u>3,269</u> in 2021 to <u>3,657</u> in 2022 (11.9% decrease).

Child Poverty by Race or Ethnicity, 2023

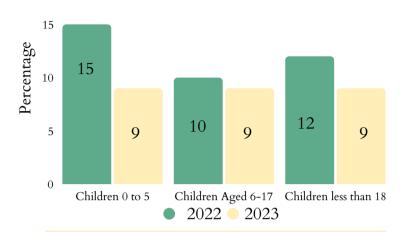


Note: Data unavailable for other races.

HOUSING

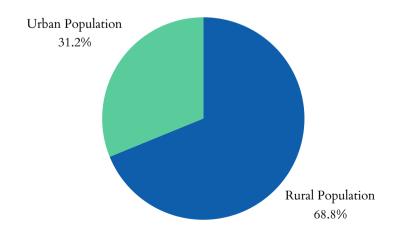
- <u>385</u> children, from birth to three-yearsold, are experiencing homelessness (1.77%)
- 26.4% of households receiving the Low Income Housing Tax Credit report having at least one member under 18
- <u>22%</u> of children lived in households with a high housing cost burden.
- <u>550</u> total Vermont residents living in public housing

Child Poverty Over Time



- The state spent \$6,405,912 on WIC in 2023, serving 10,928 people: a 2.4% decrease in total participants and a 12.8% increase in spending since 2022.
- <u>54,698</u> people were food insecure between 2021 and 2023, including 8.2% of children.
- <u>29.6%</u> of households receiving SNAP benefits in 2021 had children.

Total Urban vs. Rural Population of Vermont, 2020



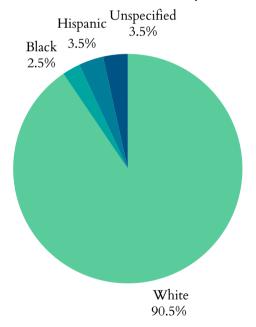




Health

- <u>359</u> low birth-weight babies (<5.5lbs) born in 2023 (7.1% of births).
- <u>432</u> preterm births (<37wks) in 2021 (8%).
 - 8.1% of all White babies
 - 8% of all Black babies
- 116 births to mothers aged 15-19 in 2023 a rate of 6 in every 1,000 teen girls.
- 16 infants aged <1yr died in 2023.

Percentage of All Preterm Births by Race or Ethnicity, <u>2021</u>



Medicaid Expansion

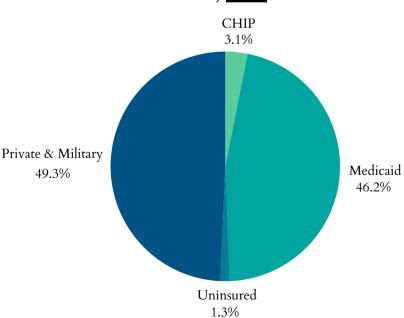
Vermont is a <u>Medicaid expansion</u> state, implemented on 1/1/2014.

Maternal Mortality

• 1 Vermont women died while pregnant, or within 42 days post pregnancy from any cause relating to or aggravated by said pregnancy, excluding accidents and incidents

- 3,000 children had no health insurance in 2023 (about the same as 2022).
- 71,191 children were enrolled in Medicaid in 2021 (2.4% increase from 2020).
- 4,823 children in Vermont were in the state Children Health Insurance Program (CHIP) in 2021 (1.6% increase from 2020).

Health Insurance Coverage for Children, <u>2021</u>



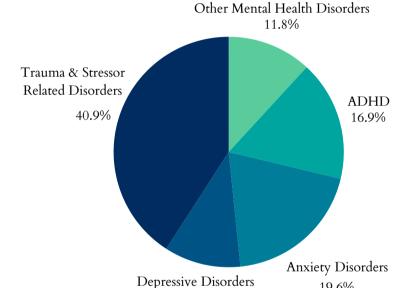




Zero to Three

- 72.4% of babies live above low-income
- 21.5% of babies live at low income
- 6.1% of babies live in poverty
- 4.1% of babies live in deep poverty
- 72.5% of new parents have at least one parent working full time

Top 5 Mental Health Diagnoses Among Children, 2022



19.6%

Plans for Safe Care

10.8%

• In 2023, Vermont reported <u>0</u> infants screened in with prenatal substance exposure.

Vermont <u>has a Family First plan</u> approved by the administration.

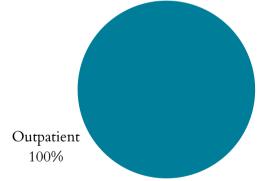
Teens & Youth

• <u>2,000</u> youth (16-19yrs) were not in school nor working in 2022 (6%)

Mental Health

- 10,644 children received mental health treatment in Vermont in 2022 (0.6%)
- In 2022, there were <u>13.5</u> deaths by suicide per 100,000 adolescents aged 15-19 in Vermont.

Treatment Type for Youth with Substance Use Disorder, 2023



Substance Use

- From 2015 to 2019, an average of <u>4,855</u> children in Vermont (2.8% of the state's child population) lived with parents having a substance use disorder.
- On March 31st, 2023, **51** clients 18 and under were in treatment for SUD.



