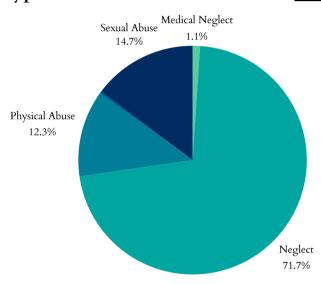
Child Maltreatment

- In 2023, New Jersey had <u>60,869</u> total referrals for child abuse and neglect. Of those, all **60,869** were screened in for response by CPS.
- 2,951 child victims of abuse or neglect, at a rate of 1.5 children per 1,000 (42.5% decrease since 2019).
- Of the **2,951** children, **2,393** were first-time victims.
- Largest age group of victims = <1years, representing 346 of the 2,951 cases.

Types of Maltreatment Victims, 2023



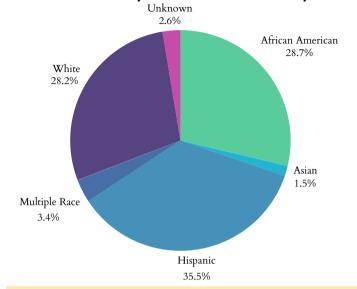
Workforce

There are <u>6,990</u> children, family, and school social workers in New Jersey with a mean wage of \$35.42 (compared to New Jersey's minimum wage: \$15.49)





Child Victims by Race or Ethnicity, 2023



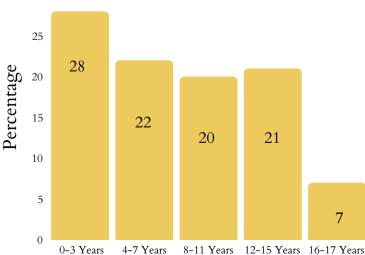
Perpetrators of child maltreatment (2023):

- 77.7% = parents of the child.
- 22.3% = non-parents or unknown relationship.

Child victims (2023):

- 52.2% = female; 47.5% = male.
- Child fatalities decreased from <u>19</u> in 2022 to <u>14</u> in 2023.
- New Jersey reported 0 total child victim of sex trafficking.
- Post-response services given to **3,065** victims and **92,650** non-victims.

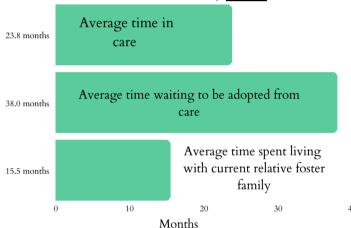
Age Distribution of Maltreatment Victims, <u>2023</u>



Foster Care and Adoptions

- 4,625 total children were served by the foster care system in FY 2022.
- **2,786** in care as of 09/30/2022.
- During 2022, 1,468 children entered care and **1,844** exited.
- 569 children were adopted; 1,061 were waiting to be adopted.
- 12.6% decrease in the number of children in care between 2021-2022. Adoptions from the system also decreased by 11% from 2021.

Duration in Care, 2021

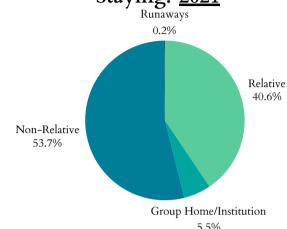


The decrease since 2020 13.9% in children transitioning from foster care to independence.

Juvenile Justice

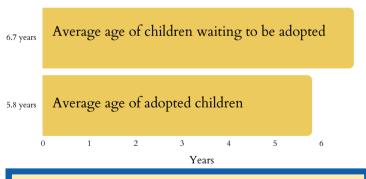
- 13,360 total arrests for children under 18 in 2019.
- 1,101 for Disorderly Conduct.
- **2,199** for Property Crimes.
- 2,959 for Drug Abuse Violations.
- 378 children lived in juvenile correction facilities in 2021 (decrease from 513 kids in 2019; 26% decline).

Where are Children in Foster Care Staying? <u>2021</u>



- In 2021, <u>173</u> children exited foster care due to age (13.9% decrease from 2020).
- 1,698 children were living with nonrelatives; 1,282 stayed with a relative.
- 174 children were staying in group homes or institutions; 6 children classified as runaways.
- 4% of households had a grandparent living with a grandchild.

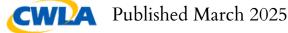
Adoption, <u>2020</u>



26%

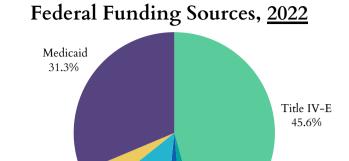
The decline since 2019 of children living in juvenile correction facilities.





Funding for Child Welfare Services

- New Jersey spent \$1,101,390,224 on child welfare services in 2020.
 - Child welfare services = direct and administrative services
- **\$420,941,309** = from the federal government
- \$669,991,030 = from state and local funds.



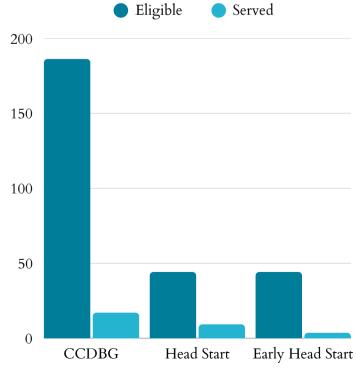
Other Source
4.4%

SSBG
12.7%
TANF
3%

The significant funding sectors of the \$420,941,309.00 in federal funding received in New Jersey in 2020:

- \$100,247,544 as part of the Title IV-E Total Foster Care Program.
- \$85,055,793 as part of the Title IV-E Adoption Assistance Program.
- New Jersey's sum of expenditures for Social Service Block Grants in 2022 was \$53,938,771

Child Care & Early Learning



- <u>21%</u> of Head Start eligible children are enrolled
- 8% of Early Head Start eligible children are enrolled
- 9% of Child Care & Development Block Grant eligible children 5 and under are served
- <u>\$19,634</u> annual cost of center-based infant care
- \$12,144 annual cost of home-based infant care



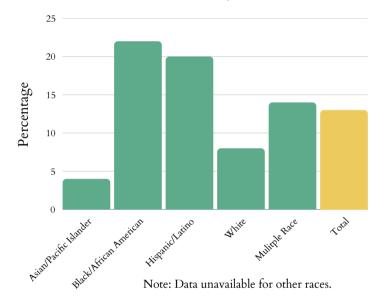


Child Poverty

• <u>483,000</u> children lived with parents who lacked secure employment in 2022 (24% of all children).

- <u>35%</u> of children lived in households with a high housing cost burden.
- Average number of TANF recipients rose from 21,645 in 2021 to 22,670 in 2022 (4.7% decrease).

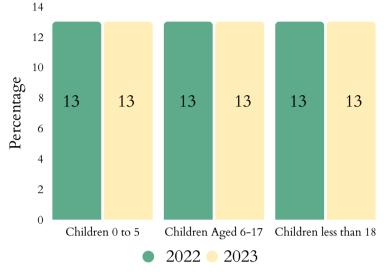
Child Poverty by Race or Ethnicity, 2023



HOUSING

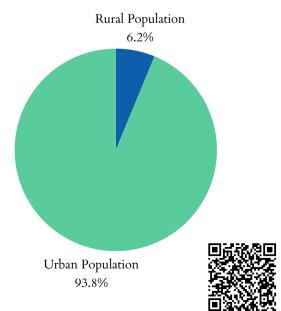
- <u>3,503</u> children, from birth to three-yearsold, are experiencing homelessness (0.86%)
- 27.2% of households receiving the Low Income Housing Tax Credit report having at least one member under 18
- <u>35%</u> of children lived in households with a high housing cost burden.
- 40,831 total New Jersey residents living in public housing

Child Poverty Over Time



- The state spent \$148,795,192 on WIC in 2023, serving 162,462 people: a 10.7% increase in total participants and 37.6% increase in spending since 2022.
- <u>994,800</u> people were food insecure in 2021, including 263,260 children.
- 38.0% of households receiving SNAP benefits in 2021 had children.

Total Urban vs. Rural Population of New Jersey, <u>2020</u>

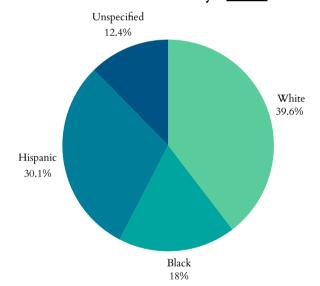




Health

- <u>7,875</u> low birth-weight babies (<5.5lbs) born in 2023 (7.8% of births).
- <u>9,313</u> preterm births (<37wks) in 2021 (9.2% of births).
 - 7.8% of all White babies
 - 13.05% of all Black babies
- 2,153 births to mothers aged 15–19 in 2023 a rate of 8 in every 1,000 teen girls.
- <u>365</u> infants aged <1yr died in 2023; a rate of **4** per 1,000.

Percentage of All Preterm Births by Race or Ethnicity, 2021



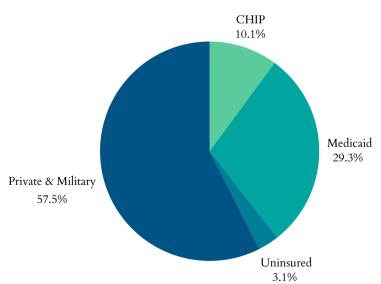
Medicaid Expansion

New Jersey has been a <u>Medicaid</u> expansion state since 01/01/2014.

Maternal Mortality

- 131 New Jersey women died while pregnant, or within 42 days post pregnancy from any cause relating to or aggravated by said pregnancy, excluding accidents and incidents
- For every 100,000 live births in New Jersey, there is **26** maternal deaths
- 82,000 children had no health insurance in 2022 (7.89% increase from 2021).
- 724,704 children were enrolled in Medicaid in 2021 (5.2% increase from 2020).
- <u>250,049</u> children in New Jersey were in the state Children Health Insurance Program (CHIP) in 2021 (4.6% decrease from 2020).

Health Insurance Coverage for Children, <u>2021</u>



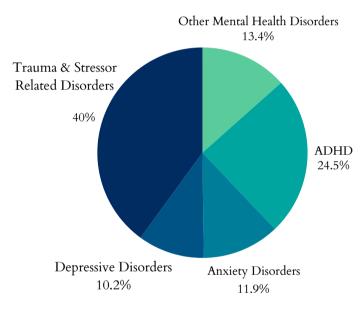




Zero to Three

- <u>68.2%</u> of babies live above low-income
- 16.1% of babies live at low income
- 15.7% of babies live in poverty
- 12.1% of babies live in deep poverty
- 81.3% of new parents have at least one parent working full time

Top 5 Mental Health Diagnoses Among Children, <u>2022</u>



Plans for Safe Care

- In 2023, New Jersey reported <u>364</u> infants screened in with prenatal substance exposure.
- New Jersey reported 219 plans of safe care for screened-in infants.

New Jersey <u>has a Family First plan</u> submitted to the administration and is now waiting approval.

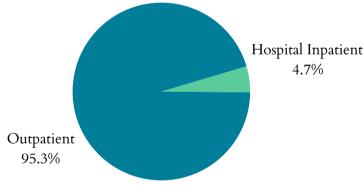
Teens & Youth

- <u>23,000</u> youth (16-19yrs) were not in school nor working in 2023 (5%)
- <u>31</u> children <19yrs were killed by a firearm in New Jersey in 2020.

Mental Health

- <u>69,131</u> children received mental health treatment in New Jersey in 2022 (3.7%)
- In 2022, there were <u>5.3</u> suicide deaths per 100,000 adolescents aged 15-19 in New Jersey.

Treatment Type for Youth with Substance Use Disorder, <u>2023</u>



Substance Use

- From 2015 to 2019, an average of <u>31,651</u> children in New Jersey (2.3% of the state's child population) lived with parents having a substance use disorder.
- On March 31st, 2023, <u>611</u> clients 18 and under were in treatment for SUD



