Child Maltreatment

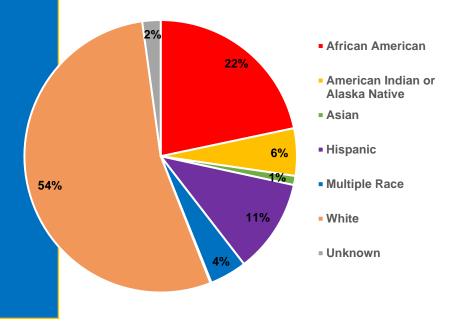
In 2020, Wisconsin had **72,064** total referrals for child abuse and neglect. Of those, **24,159** were referred for investigation.ⁱ

There were **4,177** child victims of abuse or neglect in Wisconsin in 2020, at a rate of **3.3** children per 1,000. This translates to a **13.4%** decrease since 2016.ⁱⁱ

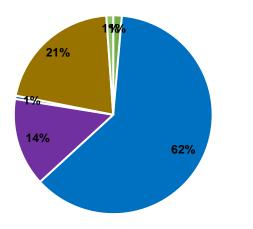
Of the **4,117** children, **3,519** were first time victims.ⁱⁱⁱ

The largest age group of victims was children under one, representing **453** of the **4,177 cases.**^{iv}

Child Victims by Race or Ethinicity, 2020



Types of Maltreatment Victims, 2020



- Medical Neglect
- Neglect
- Other
- Physical Abuse
- Psychological Maltreatment
- Sexual Abuse
- Sex Trafficking
- Unkown

- **61%** of child maltreatment perpetrators in 2020 were parents of the child. **39%** were non-parents or had an unknown relationship.^{vi}
- **55%** of Wisconsin's child victims in 2020 were female while **45%** were male.^{vii}

viii

Plans of Safe Care

- In 2020, Wisconsin reported one infant who was screened-in with prenatal substance abuse exposure.^{ix}
- Wisconsin reported no plans of safe care for screened-in infants.^x



v

Age Distribution of Maltreatment



• Wisconsin reported **50** total child victims of sex trafficking.^{xii}

•1,858 victims received post-response services while 2,561 non-victims received post-response services as well.^{xiii}

xiv

Foster Care and Adoptions

- **11,434** total children were served by the foster care system in FY 2020.
- **7,105** were in care on the day of September 30th, 2020.
- **4,001** children entered care during the 2020 FY while **4,329** exited during the same year.
- **748** of Wisconsin's children were adopted while **1,412** were waiting to be adopted.^{xv}

There was a **7.2%** decrease in the number of children in care between 2019 and 2020. Adoptions from the system also increased **5%** from 2019 to 2020.^{xvi}

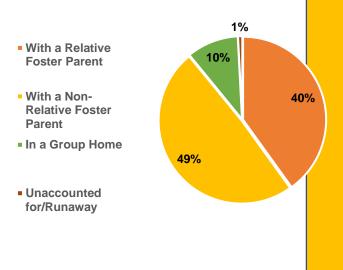
3.6% Decrease since 2019 in children aging out of foster care

387 children in Wisconsin aged out and exited foster care in 2020. This is an increase from **373** in 2019 and represents an **3.6%** decrease.^{xvii}

- Children in foster care in 2020 spent an average of 20.2 months in care. xviii
- The average length of stay in Wisconsin for children waiting to be adopted from foster care is 39.8 months.^{xix}
- The average age of children waiting to be adopted in 2020 was 7.0 years old.^{xx}
- The average age of adopted children was 6.1 years old.xxi



Where are Children in Foster Care Staying?



Data from 2019 shows that **3,586** children in foster care in Wisconsin were living with non-relatives while **2,931** stayed with a relative (See Pie Chart). ^{xxii}

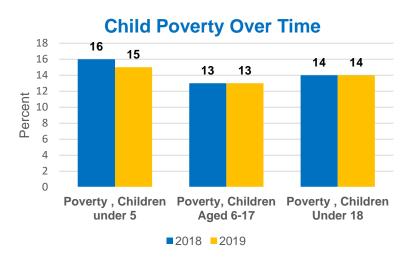
738 children were staying in group homes while **60** children were classified as runaways.^{xxiii}

2% of households in Wisconsin in 2020 had a grandparent living with a grandchild.^{xxiv}

The average length of time a child in care spent living with their current relative foster family was **11.1** months.^{xxv}

Child Poverty

Wisconsin had **266,000** children in 2019 who lived with parents who lacked secure employment, representing **21%** of all children.^{xxvi}



22% of Wisconsin's children lived in households with a high housing cost burden.^{xxviii}

The average number of individuals receiving TANF grew from **29,621** in 2019 to **30,612** in 2020. This represents a **3.3%** increase.^{xxix xxx}

The state spent **\$31,244,427** on WIC in 2021, serving **86,032** people. This represents a **1.4%** decrease in total participants and a **13.9%** decrease in spending. ^{xxxi}

530,500 people in Wisconsin were food insecure in 2019, including **179,160 children** who struggled with hunger.^{xxxii}

37.2% of households receiving SNAP benefits in Wisconsin in 2019 had children.xxxiii



Health

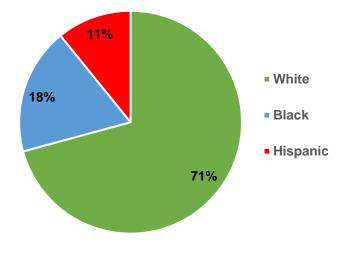
Wisconsin had **4,788** low birth-weight babies born in 2019 which is constituted as babies weighing less than 5.5 pounds. This translates to **7.6%** of infants born in Wisconsin in 2019.^{xxxiv}

Wisconsin had a total of **6,366** preterm births in 2019, meaning completed less than 37 weeks of gestation. **9.3%** of all white babies were born premature while **15.8%** of black babies arrived prematurely in 2019. The total premature birth rate was **10.1%.**^{xxxv}

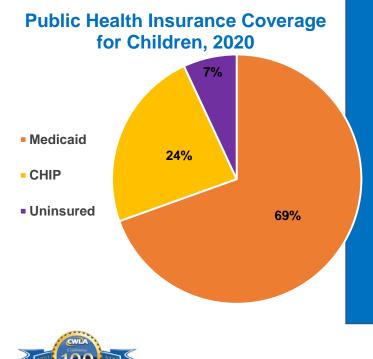
There were **2,318** births to mothers aged 15-19 in Wisconsin in 2019, representing a rate of **13** in every 1,000 teen girls. ^{xxxvi}

371 infants under one died in Wisconsin in 2019, representing an infant mortality rate of **5.9** per 1,000. ^{xxxvii}

Percentage of All Preterm Births by Race or Ethnicity, 2019



xxxviii



3.8% of Wisconsin's children had no health insurance in 2019. This represents **51,000** children.

510,310 children in Wisconsin were enrolled in Medicaid in 2020. This represents **1.3%** increase from 2019.

172,724 children in Wisconsin were in the state Child Health Insurance Program (CHIP) in 2020. This represents an **8.5%** decrease from 2019. ^{xi}

24.3% decline since 2017 of children living in juvenile correction

facilities

Juvenile Justice System

- There were **33,383** total arrests for children under 18 in Wisconsin in 2019.
- 6,763 of these arrests were for Disorderly Conduct.
- **3,872** arrests were made for Property Crimes.
- **2,710** were arrested under the charge of Drug Abuse Violations. $\ensuremath{^{\text{xli}}}$

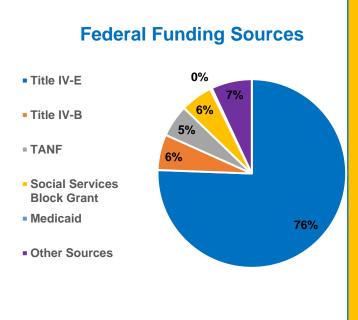
• **477** children lived in juvenile correction facilities in Wisconsin in 2019. This is a decrease from **630** kids in 2019, representing a **24.3%** decline.^{xlii}

Teens & Youth

- 16,000 (5%) of Wisconsin's youth were both not in school and not working in 2019.^{xliii}
- In 2020, there were 11 reports of children in Wisconsin aged 10-14 committing suicide, and 33 reports of suicide among children aged 15-19.^{xliv}
- 59 children under age 19 were killed by a firearm in Wisconsin in 2020.xiv

Child Welfare Services Funding

Wisconsin spent **\$499,074,263.86** on child welfare services in 2018. Child welfare services are all of the direct and administrative services that state agencies provide to children and families. **\$170,890,698.86** were allocated from the federal government and **\$321,469,370.00** came from state and local funds.^{xlvi}



The breakdown of the **\$170,890,698.86** in federal funding received in Wisconsin in 2018. _{xlvii}

- **\$8,918,975** as part of the Title IV-E Foster Care Program.
- **\$47,745,728** as part of the Title IV-E Adoption Assistance Program.^{xlviii}
- Wisconsin's sum of expenditures for Social Service Block Grants in 2020 was \$43,011,478.^{xlix}



ⁱ U.S. Department of Health & Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Administration on Children, Youth and Families, Children's Bureau. (2022). Child Maltreatment 2020. Report from the States to the National Child Abuse and Neglect Data System: Table 2-1: Screened-In and Screened-Out Referrals, 2020. Retrieved January 24, 2022 from https://www.acf.hhs.gov/sites/default/files/documents/cb/cm2020.pdf

ⁱⁱ U.S. Department of Health & Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Administration on Children, Youth and Families, Children's Bureau. (2022). Child Maltreatment 2020. Report from the States to the National Child Abuse and Neglect Data System: Table 3-3: Child Victims, 2016-2020. Retrieved January 24, 2022. from https://www.acf.hhs.gov/sites/default/files/documents/cb/cm2020.pdf

^{III} U.S. Department of Health & Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Administration on Children, Youth and Families, Children's Bureau. (2022). Child Maltreatment 2020. Report from the States to the National Child Abuse and Neglect Data System: Table 3-4: First-Time Victims, 2020. Retrieved January 24, 2022. from https://www.acf.hhs.gov/sites/default/files/documents/cb/cm2020.pdf

^{iv} U.S. Department of Health & Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Administration on Children, Youth and Families, Children's Bureau. (2022). Child Maltreatment 2020. Report from the States to the National Child Abuse and Neglect Data System: Table 3-5 Victims by Age, 2020. Retrieved January 24, 2022 from <u>https://www.acf.hhs.gov/sites/default/files/documents/cb/cm2020.pdf</u>

^v U.S. Department of Health & Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Administration on Children, Youth and Families, Children's Bureau. (2022). Child Maltreatment 2020. Report from the States to the National Child Abuse and Neglect Data System: Table 3-7 Victims by Race or Ethnicity, 2020. Retrieved January 24, 2022 from https://www.acf.hhs.gov/sites/default/files/documents/cb/cm2020.pdf

^{vi} Child Trends, (2022). State-level data for understanding child welfare in the United States, Child Maltreatment, Child Maltreatment Perpetrators, 2020. Retrieved January 24, 2022 from <u>https://www.childtrends.org/publications/state-level-data-for-understanding-child-welfare-in-the-united-states</u>

^{vii} Child Trends, (2020). State-level data for understanding child welfare in the United States, Child Maltreatment, Gender of maltreatment victims, 2020. Retrieved January 24, 2022 from <u>https://www.childtrends.org/publications/state-level-data-for-understanding-child-welfare-in-the-united-states</u>

^{viii} U.S. Department of Health & Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Administration on Children, Youth and Families, Children's Bureau. (2022). Child Maltreatment 2020. Report from the States to the National Child Abuse and Neglect Data System: Table 3-8 Maltreatment Types of Victims, 2020. Retrieved January 24, 2022, from https://www.acf.hhs.gov/sites/default/files/documents/cb/cm2020.pdf

^{ix} U.S. Department of Health & Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Administration on Children, Youth and Families, Children's Bureau. (2022). Child Maltreatment 2020. Report from the States to the National Child Abuse and Neglect Data System: Table 3-10 Infants with Prenatal Substance Exposure by Submission Type, 2020. Retrieved January 24, 2022 from <u>https://www.acf.hhs.gov/sites/default/files/documents/cb/cm2020.pdf</u>

^x U.S. Department of Health & Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Administration on Children, Youth and Families, Children's Bureau. (2022). Child Maltreatment 2020. Report from the States to the National Child Abuse and Neglect Data System: Table 3-11 Screened-in Infants with Prenatal Substance Exposure Who Have a Plan of Safe Care, 2020. Retrieved January 24, 2022 from

https://www.acf.hhs.gov/sites/default/files/documents/cb/cm2020.pdf

^{xi} U.S. Department of Health & Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Administration on Children, Youth and Families, Children's Bureau. (2022). Child Maltreatment 2020. Report from the States to the National Child Abuse and Neglect Data System: Table 4-2 Child Fatalities, 2016-2020. Retrieved January 24, 2022 from <u>https://www.acf.hhs.gov/sites/default/files/documents/cb/cm2020.pdf</u>

^{xii} U.S. Department of Health & Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Administration on Children, Youth and Families, Children's Bureau. (2022). Child Maltreatment 2020. Report from the States to the National Child Abuse and Neglect Data System: Table 3-8 Maltreatment Types of Victims, 2020. Retrieved February 02, 2022 from <u>https://www.acf.hhs.gov/sites/default/files/documents/cb/cm2020.pdf</u>



xⁱⁱⁱ U.S. Department of Health & Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Administration on Children, Youth and Families, Children's Bureau. (2022). Child Maltreatment 2020. Report from the States to the National Child Abuse and Neglect Data System: Table 6-2 Children Who Received Post Response Services, 2020. Retrieved January 24, 2022 from <u>https://www.acf.hhs.gov/sites/default/files/documents/cb/cm2020.pdf</u>

^{xiv} Child Trends, (2022). State-level data for understanding child welfare in the United States, Child Maltreatment, Age Distribution of Maltreatment Victims, 2020. Retrieved January 25, 2022, from <u>https://www.childtrends.org/publications/state-level-data-for-understanding-child-welfare-in-the-united-states</u>

^{xv} U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Administration on Children, Youth and Families, Children's Bureau. (2020 Adoption and Foster Care Analysis and Reporting System (AFCARS), FY 2011-2020. Retrieved January 28, 2022 from <u>https://www.acf.hhs.gov/cb/report/afcars-report-28</u>.

xvi Based on Calculations from the CWLA

^{xvii} Annie E. Casey Foundation, Kids Count Data Center. (2021). Children exiting foster care by exit reason. Retrieved January 21, 2020 from <u>https://datacenter.kidscount.org/data/tables/6277-children-exiting-foster-care-by-exit-reason?loc=1&loct=2#detailed/2/2-53/false/871/2632/13050</u>.

^{xviii} Child Trends, (2022). State-level data for understanding child welfare in the United States, Foster Care, 2020. Retrieved January 28, 2022 from <u>https://www.childtrends.org/publications/state-level-data-for-understanding-child-welfare-in-the-united-states</u>

xix Child Trends, (2022). State-level data for understanding child welfare in the United States, Adoption from Foster Care, 2020. Retrieved January 28, 2022 from <u>https://www.childtrends.org/publications/state-level-data-for-understanding-child-welfare-in-the-united-states</u>

^{xx} Ibid.

^{xxi} Ibid.

^{xxii} Annie E. Casey Foundation, Kids Count Data Center. (2021). Adoption and Foster Care Analysis and Reporting System, Child Trends, National Data Archive on Child Abuse and Neglect: Children in Foster Care by Placement Type, 2019, Retrieved January 28, 2022 from <u>https://datacenter.kidscount.org/data/tables/6247-children-in-foster-care-by-</u> placement-type#detailed/2/32/true/1729/2622,2621,2623,2625/12994

xxiii Ibid.

^{xxiv} Child Trends, (2022). State-level data for understanding child welfare in the United States, Kinship Caregiving, 2020. Retrieved January 28, 2022 from <u>https://www.childtrends.org/publications/state-level-data-for-understanding-child-welfare-in-the-united-states</u>

^{xxv} Ibid

^{xxvi} Annie E. Casey Foundation, Kids Count Data Book. (2021). State Trends in Child Well-Being: Appendix B, Economic Well-Being Indicators, 2021. Retrieved January 31, 2022 from <u>https://www.aecf.org/resources/2021-kids-count-data-book</u>

xxvii Annie E. Casey Foundation, Kids Count Data Center. (2021). Children in poverty by age group, 2019. Retrieved February 07, 2022 from <u>https://datacenter.kidscount.org/data/tables/5650-children-in-poverty-by-age-group?loc=1&loct=2#detailed/2/2-53/false/1729.37,871,870,573,869,36,868,867,133/17,18,36/12263,12264</u>

^{xxviii} Annie E. Casey Foundation, Kids Count Data Book. (2021). State Trends in Child Well-Being: Appendix B, Economic Well-Being Indicators, 2021. Retrieved January 31, 2022 from <u>https://www.aecf.org/resources/2021-kids-count-data-book</u>

^{xxix} U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Office of Family Assistance. (2020). Data & Reports: TANF Caseload Data 2019: Table: Total Number of Recipients. Retrieved from February 02, 2022 <u>https://www.acf.hhs.gov/sites/default/files/documents/ofa/fy2019 tanf caseload trec.pdf</u>



^{xxx} U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Office of Family Assistance. (2021). Data & Reports: TANF Caseload Data 2020: Table: Total Number of Recipients. Retrieved February 02, 2022 from <u>https://www.acf.hhs.gov/sites/default/files/documents/ofa/fy2020_tanf_caseload_trec_0.pdf</u>

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^{xxxii} Feeding America. (2022). Map the Meal Gap 2019. Retrieved January 31, 2022 from <u>https://map.feedingamerica.org/county/2019/overall/wisconsin</u>

^{xxxiii} Ibid.

^{xxxiv} Annie E. Casey Foundation, Kids Count Data Book. (2021). State Trends in Child Well-Being: Appendix B, Health Indicators, Low Birth-Weight Babies: 2019, 2021. Retrieved February 03, 2022 from <u>https://assets.aecf.org/m/databook/2021KCDB-profile-WI.pdf</u>

^{xxxv} Martin J., Hamilton B., Osterman M., and Driscoll A. (2021). Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Health Statistics, National Vital Statistics Reports, Births: Final Data for 2019: Table 1-19. Preterm births, by race and Hispanic origin of mother: United States, each state and territory, 2019, 2021. Retrieved January 31, 2022 from <u>https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/products/nvsr.htm</u>

^{xxxvi} Annie E. Casey Foundation, Kids Count Data Center. (2021). Teen Birth by age group in the United States. Retrieved February 02, 2022 from <u>https://datacenter.kidscount.org/data/tables/8125-teen-births-by-age-group?loc=1&loct=2#detailed/2/32/false/1729/2829,6,8,7,251/15589,15590</u>

^{xxxvii} Annie E. Casey Foundation, Kids Count Data Center. (2021). Infant Mortality in the United States. Retrieved February 2, 2022 from <u>https://datacenter.kidscount.org/data/tables/6051-infant-mortality?loc=1&loct=2#detailed/2/32/false/1729/any/12718,12719</u>

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^{xli} U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation. (2022). Crime in the United States 2019: Table 69: Arrests by State, 2019. Retrieved February 07, 2022 from <u>https://ucr.fbi.gov/crime-in-the-u.s/2019/crime-in-the-u.s.</u> 2019/tables/table-69

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^{xliii} Annie E. Casey Foundation, Kids Count Data Book. (2021). State Trends in Child Well-Being: Appendix B, Economic Well-Being Indicators, 2021. Retrieved February 07, 2022 from <u>https://assets.aecf.org/m/databook/2021KCDB-profile-NJ.pdf</u>

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^{xlv} Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Injury Prevention and Control: Data & Statistics (WISQARS). (2020). NCHS Vital Statistics System for numbers of deaths: Bureau of Census for population estimates. Fatal Injury Reports 1999-2020, for national, regional and states (restricted), 2020, United States, firearm deaths and rates per 100,000: All races, both sexes, ages 0 to 19, outgroups: Year and state. Retrieved February 07, 2022 from https://wisqars.cdc.gov/fatal-reports

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