Child Maltreatment

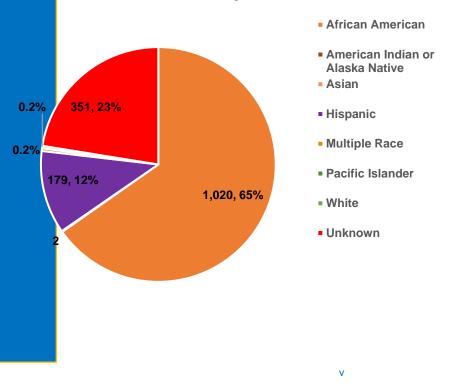
In 2020, the District of Columbia had **12,797** total referrals for child abuse and neglect. Of those, **4,283** were referred for investigation.ⁱ

There were **1,568** child victims of maltreatment in the District of Columbia in 2020, at a rate of **12.1** children per 1,000. This translates to an **16.6%** decrease since 2016.ⁱⁱ

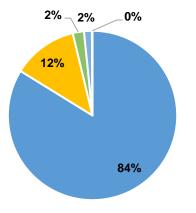
Of the **1,568** children, **1,169** were first time victims.ⁱⁱⁱ

The largest age group of victims was children under one, representing **195** of the **1,568** cases.^{iv}

Child Victims by Race or Ethinicity, 2020



Types of Maltreatment Victims, 2020



- Medical Neglect
 Neglect
- Other
- Physical Abuse
- Psychological Maltreatment
- Sexual Abuse
- Sex Trafficking
- Unknown

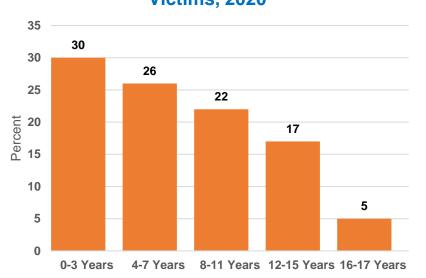
- **93%** of child maltreatment perpetrators in 2020 were parents of the child. **7%** were non-parents or had an unknown relationship.^{vi}
- **52%** of the District of Columbia's child victims in 2020 were female while **48%** were male.^{vii}

viii

Plans of Safe Care

- In 2020, the District of Columbia had **166** infants who were screened-in with prenatal substance abuse exposure.^{ix}
- The District of Columbia reported 145 plans of safe care for screened-in infants.x





Age Distribution of Maltreatment Victims, 2020

•Child fatalities increased in 2020 from **3** in 2019 to **4** in 2020.^{xi}

• The District of Columbia reported **25** total child victims of sex trafficking.^{xii}

•247 victims received postresponse services while 269 non-victims received post-response services as well.^{xiii}

xiv

Foster Care and Adoptions

- **875** total children were served by the foster care system in FY 2020.
- **577** were in care on the day of September 30th, 2020.
- **212** children entered care during the 2020 FY while **298** exited during the same year.
- 98 of the District of Columbia's children were adopted while 162 were waiting to be adopted.^{xv}

There was a **14.1%** decrease in the number of children in care between 2019 and 2020. Adoptions from the system remained at **0%** from 2019.^{xvi}

22.4% Increase since 2018 in adoptions from the system

60 children in the District of Columbia aged out and exited foster care in 2019. This is a **22.4%** increase since 2018.^{xvii}

- Children in foster care in 2020 spent an average of 24.6 months in care. xviii
- The average length of stay in the District of Columbia for children waiting to be adopted from foster care is 39.7 months.^{xix}
- The average age of children waiting to be adopted in 2020 was 7.9 years old.^{xx}
- The average age of adopted children was 6.2 years old.xxi



Where are Children in Foster Care Staying?



- With a Non-Relative Foster Parent
- In a Group Home
- Unaccounted for/Runaway

3% 12% 31% 54% Data from 2019 shows that **301** children in foster care within the District were living with non-relatives while **176** stayed with a relative. ^{xxii}

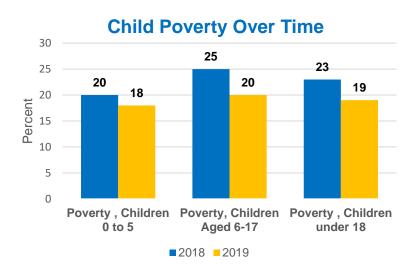
68 children were staying in group homes while **19** children were classified as runaways.^{xxiii}

3% of households in the District of Columbia in 2020 had a grandparent living with a grandchild.^{xxiv}

The average length of time a child in care spent living with their current relative foster family was **12.0** months.^{xxv}

Child Poverty

The District of Columbia had **41,000** children in 2019 who lived with parents who lacked secure employment, representing **32%** of all children.^{xxvi}



34% of the District's children lived in households with a high housing cost burden.^{xxvii}

The average number of individuals receiving TANF fell from **21,982** in 2020 to **21,763** in 2021. This represents a **1%** decrease.^{xxviii} xxix

The state spent **\$4,660,202** on WIC in 2021, serving **13,990** people. This represents a **4.4%** increase in total participants and a **2.8%** decrease in spending. ^{xxx}

70,480 people in the District of Columbia were food insecure in 2019, including **19,250** children who struggled with hunger.^{xxxi}

28.9% of households in the District that received SNAP benefits in 2019 had children.xxxii



Health

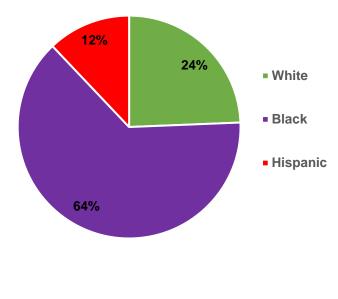
The District of Columbia had 896 low birth-weight babies born in 2019 which is constituted as babies weighing less than 5.5 pounds. This translates to 9.0% of infants born in the District in 2019.xxxiii

The District of Columbia had a total of **945** preterm births in 2019, meaning less than 37 completed weeks of gestation. 7.3% of all white babies were born premature while **13.8%** of black babies arrived prematurely in 2019. The total premature birth rate was 10.4%.xxxiv

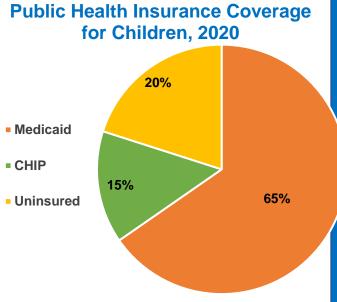
There were **323** births to mothers aged 15-19 in the District in 2019, representing a rate of 17 in every 1,000 teen girls. xxxv

44 infants under 1 died in the District in 2019, representing an infant mortality rate of **4.8** per 1,000. xxxvi

Percentage of All Preterm Births by Race or Ethnicity, 2019



xxxvii



3.5% of the District's children had no health insurance in 2019. The District of Columbia has accepted Medicaid expansion.xxxviii

81,450 children in the District were enrolled in Medicaid in 2020. This represents a **5.9%** increase from 2019. xxxix

18,186 children in the District were in the state Child Health Insurance Program (CHIP) in 2020. This represents an **5.7%** increase from 2019. ×



4

25.8%

increase since 2017 of children living in juvenile correction facilities

Juvenile Justice System

• There were **807** total arrests for children under 18 in the District of Columbia in 2019.

- **73** of these arrests were for Disorderly Conduct.
- 65 arrests were made for Property Crimes.

- 10 were arrested under the charge of Drug Abuse Violations. $^{\mbox{x}\mbox{i}\mbox{i}}$

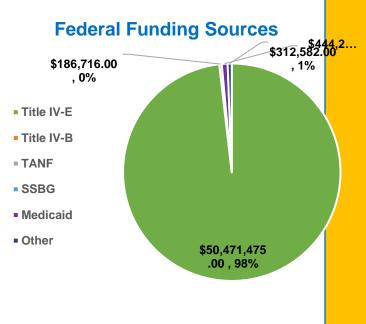
• **117** children lived in juvenile correction facilities in the District of Columbia in 2019. This is a increase from **93** kids in 2017, representing a **25.8%** increase.^{xlii}

Teens & Youth

- 3,000 (8%) of the District of Columbia's youth were both not in school and not working in 2019.^{xliii}
- In 2020, there were zero reports of children in the District aged 10-14 committing suicide, and zero reports of suicide among children aged 15-24.^{xliv}
- 25 children under age 19 were killed by a firearm in the District in 2020.xlv

Child Welfare Services Funding

- The District of Columbia spent **\$210,455,958** on child welfare services in 2018. Child welfare services are all of the direct and administrative services that state agencies provide to children and families.
- \$51,415,014 were allocated from the federal government and \$157,590,323 came from state and local funds.^{xlvi}





The breakdown of the **\$51,415,014 in** federal funding received in the District in 2018.^{xlvii}

- 0 as part of the Title IV-E Foster Care Program
- **\$9,995,713** as part of the Title IV-E Adoption Assistance Program ^{xlviii}
- The District of Columbia's sum of expenditures for Social Service Block Grants in 2020 was **\$49,468,402.**^{xlix}

ⁱ U.S. Department of Health & Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Administration on Children, Youth and Families, Children's Bureau. (2022). Child Maltreatment 2020. Report from the States to the National Child Abuse and Neglect Data System: Table 2-1: Screened-In and Screened-Out Referrals, 2020. Retrieved February 28, 2022 from <u>https://www.acf.hhs.gov/sites/default/files/documents/cb/cm2020.pdf</u>

ⁱⁱ U.S. Department of Health & Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Administration on Children, Youth and Families, Children's Bureau. (2022). Child Maltreatment 2020. Report from the States to the National Child Abuse and Neglect Data System: Table 3-3: Child Victims, 2016-2020. Retrieved January 21, 2022 from https://www.acf.hhs.gov/sites/default/files/documents/cb/cm2020.pdf

ⁱⁱⁱ U.S. Department of Health & Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Administration on Children, Youth and Families, Children's Bureau. (2022). Child Maltreatment 2020. Report from the States to the National Child Abuse and Neglect Data System: Table 3-4: First-Time Victims, 2016-2020. Retrieved February 28, 2022 from https://www.acf.hhs.gov/sites/default/files/documents/cb/cm2020.pdf

^{iv} U.S. Department of Health & Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Administration on Children, Youth and Families, Children's Bureau. (2022). Child Maltreatment 2020. Report from the States to the National Child Abuse and Neglect Data System: Table 3-5 Victims by Age, 2020. Retrieved February 28, 2022 from<u>https://www.acf.hhs.gov/sites/default/files/documents/cb/cm2020.pdf</u>

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^{vi} Child Trends, (2022). State-level data for understanding child welfare in the United States, Child Maltreatment, Child Maltreatment Perpetrators, 2020. Retrieved February 28, 2022 from <u>https://www.childtrends.org/publications/state-level-data-for-understanding-child-welfare-in-the-united-states</u>

^{vii} Child Trends, (2020). State-level data for understanding child welfare in the United States, Child Maltreatment, Gender of maltreatment victims, 2020. Retrieved February 28, 2022 from <u>https://www.childtrends.org/publications/state-level-data-for-understanding-child-welfare-in-the-united-states</u>

^{viii} U.S. Department of Health & Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Administration on Children, Youth and Families, Children's Bureau. (2022). Child Maltreatment 2020. Report from the States to the National Child Abuse and Neglect Data System: Table 3-8 Maltreatment Types of Victims, 2020. Retrieved February 28, 2022 from <u>https://www.acf.hhs.gov/sites/default/files/documents/cb/cm2020.pdf</u>

^{ix} U.S. Department of Health & Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Administration on Children, Youth and Families, Children's Bureau. (2022). Child Maltreatment 2020. Report from the States to the National Child Abuse and Neglect Data System: Table 3-10 Infants with Prenatal Substance Exposure by Submission Type, 2020. Retrieved February 28, 2022 from <u>https://www.acf.hhs.gov/sites/default/files/documents/cb/cm2020.pdf</u>

^x U.S. Department of Health & Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Administration on Children, Youth and Families, Children's Bureau. (2022). Child Maltreatment 2020. Report from the States to the National Child Abuse and Neglect Data System: Table 3-11 Screened-in Infants with Prenatal Substance Exposure Who Have a Plan of Safe Care, 2020. Retrieved February 28, 2022 from https://www.acf.hhs.gov/sites/default/files/documents/cb/cm2020.pdf



^{xi} U.S. Department of Health & Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Administration on Children, Youth and Families, Children's Bureau. (2022). Child Maltreatment 2020. Report from the States to the National Child Abuse and Neglect Data System: Table 4-2 Child Fatalities, 2016-2020. Retrieved February 28, 2022 from <u>https://www.acf.hhs.gov/sites/default/files/documents/cb/cm2020.pdf</u>

^{xii} U.S. Department of Health & Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Administration on Children, Youth and Families, Children's Bureau. (2022). Child Maltreatment 2020. Report from the States to the National Child Abuse and Neglect Data System: Victims of Sex Trafficking by Sex, 2020. Retrieved February 28, 2022 from <u>https://www.acf.hhs.gov/sites/default/files/documents/cb/cm2020.pdf</u>

^{xiii} U.S. Department of Health & Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Administration on Children, Youth and Families, Children's Bureau. (2022). Child Maltreatment 2020. Report from the States to the National Child Abuse and Neglect Data System: Table 6-2 Children Who Received Post Response Services, 2020. Retrieved February 28, 2022 from <u>https://www.acf.hhs.gov/sites/default/files/documents/cb/cm2020.pdf</u>

^{xiv} Child Trends, (2022). State-level data for understanding child welfare in the United States, Child Maltreatment, Age Distribution of Maltreatment Victims, 2020. Retrieved February 28, 2022 from <u>https://www.childtrends.org/publications/state-level-data-for-understanding-child-welfare-in-the-united-states</u>

^{xv} U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Administration on Children, Youth and Families, Children's Bureau. (2020 Adoption and Foster Care Analysis and Reporting System (AFCARS), FY 2011 – FY 2020. Retrieved February 28, 2022 from <u>https://www.acf.hhs.gov/cb</u>.

xvi Based on Calculations from the CWLA

^{xvii} Annie E. Casey Foundation, Kids Count Data Center. (2019). Children exiting foster care by exit reason. Retrieved January 21, 2020 from <u>https://datacenter.kidscount.org/data/tables/6277-children-exiting-foster-care-by-</u> exit-reason?loc=1&loct=2#detailed/2/2-53/false/871/2632/13050.

^{xviii} Child Trends, (2022). State-level data for understanding child welfare in the United States, Foster Care, 2020. Retrieved February 28, 2022 from <u>https://www.childtrends.org/publications/state-level-data-for-understanding-</u> <u>child-welfare-in-the-united-states</u>

^{xix} Child Trends, (2022). State-level data for understanding child welfare in the United States, Adoption from Foster Care, 2020. Retrieved February 28, 2022 from <u>https://www.childtrends.org/publications/state-level-data-for-</u><u>understanding-child-welfare-in-the-united-states</u></u>

^{xx} Ibid.

^{xxi} Ibid.

^{xxii} Annie E. Casey Foundation, Kids Count Data Center. (2020). Adoption and Foster Care Analysis and Reporting System, Child Trends, National Data Archive on Child Abuse and Neglect: Children in Foster Care by Placement Type, 2019, Retrieved February 28, 2022 from <u>https://datacenter.kidscount.org/data/tables/6247-children-in-foster-care-by-placement-%20type#detailed/2/2-53/true/871/2622,2621,2623,2625/12994</u>.

^{xxiii} Child Trends, (2022). State-level data for understanding child welfare in the United States, Kinship Caregiving, 2020. Retrieved February 28, 2022 from <u>https://www.childtrends.org/publications/state-level-data-for-understanding-child-welfare-in-the-united-states</u>



^{xxiv} Ibid.

^{xxv} Child Trends, (2022). State-level data for understanding child welfare in the United States, Kinship Caregiving, 2020. Retrieved March 2, 2022 from <u>https://www.childtrends.org/publications/state-level-data-for-understanding-child-welfare-in-the-united-states</u>

^{xxvi} Annie E. Casey Foundation, Kids Count Data Book. (2021). State Trends in Child Well-Being: Appendix B, Economic Well-Being Indicators, 2019. Retrieved March 2, 2022 from <u>https://assets.aecf.org/m/resourcedoc/aecf-2021kidscountdatabook-2021.pdf</u>

^{xxvii} Ibid.

^{xxviii} U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Office of Family Assistance. (2021). Data & Reports: TANF Caseload Data 2021: Table: Total Number of Recipients. Retrieved March 2, 2022 from <u>https://www.acf.hhs.gov/sites/default/files/documents/ofafy2021_tanf_caseload.pdf</u>

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^{xxxi} Feeding America. (2022). Map the Meal Gap 2019. Retrieved March 2, 2022 from <u>https://www.feedingamerica.org/hunger-in-america/district-of-columbia</u>

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^{xxxvii} Martin J., Hamilton B., Osterman M., and Driscoll A. (2021). Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Health Statistics, National Vital Statistics Reports, Births: Final Data for 2019: Table 1-19. Preterm births, by race and Hispanic origin of mother: United States, each state and territory, 2019. Retrieved March 2, 2022 from <u>https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/products/nvsr.htm</u>

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^{xlv} Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Injury Prevention and Control: Data & Statistics (WISQARS). (2022). NCHS Vital Statistics System for numbers of deaths: Bureau of Census for population estimates. Fatal Injury Reports 1999-2020, for national, regional and states, 2020, United States, firearm deaths and rates per 100,000: All races, both Sexes, ages 0 to 19, outgroups: Year and state. Retrieved March 2, 2022 from https://wisqars-viz.cdc.gov:8006/

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