

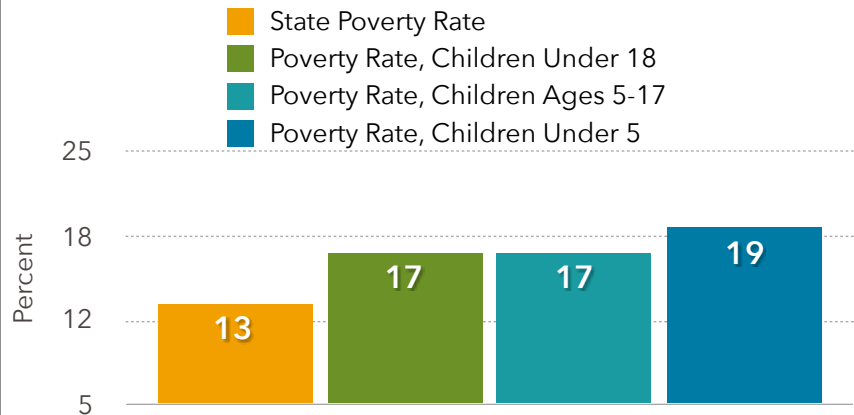
MAINE'S CHILDREN 2018

State Population: 1,329,923 | Population of Children Under 18: 248,446

ADOPTION, KINSHIP CARE, AND PERMANENT FAMILIES FOR CHILDREN

- Of the **921** children exiting out-of-home care in 2016 in Maine, 45% were reunited with their parents or primary caretakers.¹⁵
- **399** children were legally adopted through a public child welfare agency in Maine in 2016, an increase of 21.7% from **328** in 2015.¹⁶
- Of the **1,837** children in out-of-home care in 2016, there were **647** or 35.22% waiting to be adopted.¹⁷
- In 2016, approximately **6,795** grandparents in Maine had the primary responsibility of caring for their grandchildren.¹⁸
- **533** of the children in out-of-home care in 2015 were living with relatives while in care.¹⁹

Poverty Rates



CHILD ABUSE AND NEGLECT

- In 2016, Maine had 16,010 total referrals for child abuse and neglect. Of those, 8,392 reports were referred for investigation.⁸
- In 2016, there were 3,446 victims of abuse or neglect in Maine, a rate of 13.5 per 1,000 children, an increase of 2.2% from 2015. Of these children, 63.3% were neglected, 30.9% were physically abused, and 8.1% were sexually abused.⁹
- The number of child victims has increased 2.2% in comparison to the number of victims in 2015.¹⁰

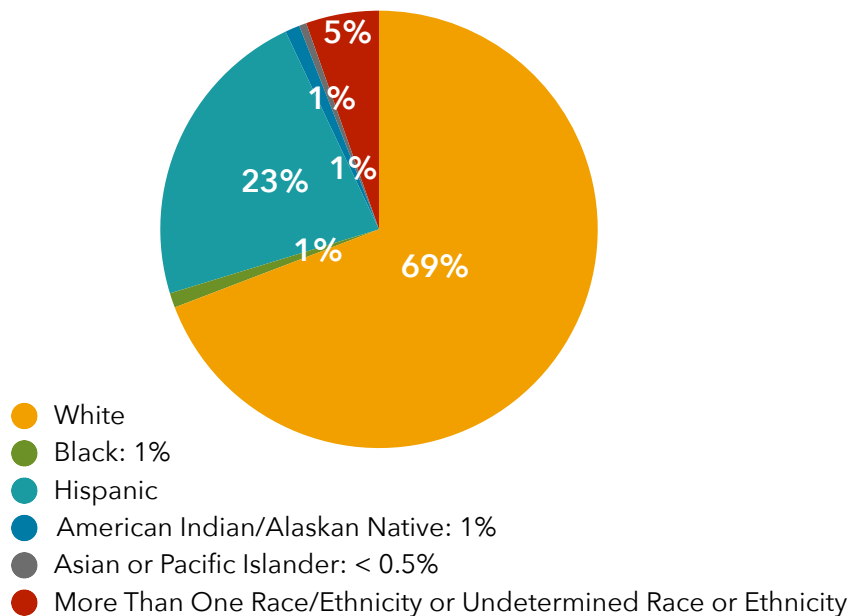


CHILD CARE AND HEAD START

- In 2015, Maine had a monthly average of 2,800 children served by subsidized child care. An average of 2,600 children received subsidized child care per month in 2014 and 1,500 were recipients in 2013.²⁸
- In 2016, to be eligible for subsidized child care in Maine, a family of three could make no more than \$54,589 at application, which is equivalent to 85% of the state’s median income.²⁹
- As of early 2016, Maine had no children on it’s waiting list for child care assistance.³⁰
- In 2016, Head Start served 3,137 children in Maine, a decrease of 3.3% from 2015.³¹
- Through federal grants from the Home Visiting Program, in fiscal year 2015, home visitors in Maine made 23,420 home visits to 6,427 parents and children in 2,455 families, as well as enrolled 2,565 new parents and children to the program.⁶⁵

- 1,837 children in Maine lived apart from their families in out-of-home care in 2016, compared with 1,873 children in 2015.¹²
- The number of children living apart from their families in out-of-home care has decreased 1% in comparison to the number of children in out-of-home care in 2015.¹³

Children in Out-of-Home Care 2015



CHILD POVERTY AND INCOME SUPPORT

- The monthly average number of individuals receiving Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) in Maine decreased from 10,109 in 2015 to 8,503 in 2016, a 18.9% change. There was a 4,021 monthly average of families received TANF in 2016, a decrease of 17.3% from 2015.²⁰
- In 2016, for every 100 poor families with children, only 22 received TANF cash assistance.²¹

- \$82,233,315 was spent in 2016 on TANF assistance in Maine, including 14.7% on basic assistance, 9.6% on child care, 5.0% on transportation, and 0.0% on non-assistance.²²
- \$5,724,872 was spent in 2016 on WIC (the Special Supplement Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children) in Maine, serving 20,806 participants.²³
- 21.4% of households in Maine were food insecure in 2015, meaning that the family experienced difficulty providing enough food due to lack of resources at some point during the year.²⁷

HEALTH AND SUBSTANCE ABUSE

- 152,626 children in Maine were enrolled in Medicaid in 2016, a decrease of 8.5% from 2015.³²
- In 2016, Maine had 23,257 children enrolled in its State Children's Health Insurance Program, an Increase of 4.2% from 2015, when 22,310 children were enrolled.³³
- In 2016, Maine had 14,607 uninsured children.³⁴
- 897 babies were born weighing less than 2,500 grams in Maine in 2016.³⁵
- 74 infants under age 1 died in Maine in 2016.³⁶
- In 2015, the birth rate for teens ages 15 to 17 in Maine was 5.3 births per 1,000 girls. The rate was 29.8 for teens ages 18 to 19. This reflects a total rate of 15 births for girls ages 15 to 19.³⁷
- Cumulative through 2016, there were 1,417 adults and adolescents and 9 children younger than 13 reported as having HIV/AIDS in Maine.³⁸
- In 2015, health care costs related to opioid abuse in Maine reached \$92,736,966.³⁹

YOUTH WHO ARE VULNERABLE

- 76 children in Maine aged out of out-of-home care—exited foster care to emancipation—in 2015.⁴²
- 4,000 teens ages 16 to 19 in Maine were not enrolled in school and not working in 2016.⁴⁴

- 12,000 young adults ages 18 to 24 were not enrolled in school, were not working, and had no degree beyond high school in 2016.⁴⁵
- In 2016, there were less than 10 reports of children in Maine aged 10 to 14 committing suicide, and 15 reports of suicide among children aged 15 to 19.⁴⁷

JUVENILE JUSTICE AND DELINQUENCY PREVENTION

- Less than 10 children under age 19 were killed by a firearm in Maine in 2016, compared to less than 10 in 2015.⁴⁸
- 3,160 children younger than 18 were arrested in Maine in 2016. Violent crimes were the reason for 45 of the arrests in 2016.⁴⁹
- 81 children lived in juvenile correction facilities in Maine in 2015.⁵⁰

CHILD WELFARE WORKFORCE

The federal Child and Family Service Reviews have clearly demonstrated that the more time a caseworker spends with a child and family, the better the outcomes for those children and families.⁵²

- According to a 2003 GAO report, the average caseload for child welfare/foster care caseworkers is 24-31 children; these high caseloads contribute to high worker turnover and insufficient services being provided to children and families. CWLA recommends that foster care caseworkers have caseloads of 12-15 children.⁵³
- Average turnover rates for child welfare agencies range from 20% to 40%.⁵⁴ Turnover rates at around 10% are considered to be optimal in any agency.⁵⁵

Caseworker turnover has negative outcomes for children in the child welfare system, including placement disruptions and increased time in out-of-home care.⁵⁶

- According to the National Survey of Child and Adolescent Well-Being II baseline report, 75% of caseworkers earned a salary between \$30,000 and \$49,999.⁵⁷
- The majority of caseworkers hold a bachelor's degree (52.3%) or a bachelor of social work degree (21.9%). Only 25% of caseworkers hold a master's degree.⁵⁸

SOCIAL SERVICES BLOCK GRANT

- In 2014, Maine's sum of expenditures for services totaled \$23,037,421. The most utilized service in Maine was Protective Services for Children totaling \$8,873,178.⁶⁰

FUNDING CHILD WELFARE SERVICES FOR MAINE'S CHILDREN

- In 2014, Maine spent \$177,786,471 for child welfare services. Child welfare services are all direct and administrative services the state agency provides to children and families. Of this amount, \$42,154,564 was from federal funds and \$147,350,866 was from state and local funds.⁶¹
- In 2014, of the \$134,535,982 in federal funds received for child welfare, 29.8% was from Title IV-E Foster Care and Adoption Assistance, 8.2% came from Title IV-B Child Welfare Services and Promoting Safe and Stable Families, 34.4% was from Medicaid, 14.3% came from Social Services Block Grant, 11.2% was from TANF, and 2.0% came from other federal sources.⁶²
- Maine received \$15,178,441 in federal funds for IV-E foster care expenditures in 2014, including \$5,170,807 for maintenance payments and \$10,007,634 for administration, child placement, the statewide automated child welfare information system, and training.⁶³
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¹ Population and Child Abuse and Neglect statistics are from 2016.

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3 Ibid.

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7 Ibid.

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U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Administration on Children, Youth and Families, Children's Bureau. (2018). Child Maltreatment 2016: Report from the States to the National Child Abuse and Neglect Data System: Table 3-8: Maltreatment Types of Victims, 2016. Retrieved February 6, 2018 from <https://www.acf.hhs.gov/sites/default/files/cb/cm2015.pdf>.

Note: The percentage difference is a CWLA calculation. Overlap in the percentages of types of abuse is possible as a child may have experienced more than one type of abuse.

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Note: The percent difference is a CWLA calculation.

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Note: The percentage is a CWLA calculation.
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- 18 U.S. Census Bureau. (2017). American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates, Data Profile. Selected Social Characteristics in the United States: 2016. Retrieved January 22, 2018 from https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/tableservices/jsf/pages/productview.xhtml?pid=ACS_16_1YR_DP02&prodType=table.
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- Note: Some states allow families, once they begin receiving assistance, to continue receiving assistance up to a higher income level than the initial limit.
- 30 Ibid.
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Note: Examples of direct services include child abuse/neglect investigations, foster care, community-based programs, case management, and all such services required for the safety, permanency, and well-being of children. Examples of administrative services include management information systems, training programs, eligibility determination processes, and all services that provide the infrastructure supports for the public agency. The component funding streams may not equal the total, depending on additional child support and demonstration funds for this state.

62 Ibid.

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64 Health Resources & Services Administration. (2017). Home Visiting Program: State Factsheets. Retrieved March 28, 2018 online from: <https://mchb.hrsa.gov/maternal-child-health-initiatives/home-visiting/home-visiting-program-state-fact-sheets>