NORTH DAKOTA'S CHILDREN 2016

North Dakota's Children at a Glance¹

State Population ²	739,482	Poverty Rate, Children Under 18 ⁵	14.8%
Population, Children Under 18 ³	167,526	Poverty Rate, Children Ages 5–17 ⁶	13.3%
State Poverty Rate ⁴	11.5%	Poverty Rate, Children Under 5 ⁷	16.7%

CHILD ABUSE AND NEGLECT

- In 2014, there were 1,616 victims of abuse or neglect in North Dakota, a rate of 9.6 per 1,000 children, increasing 6.5% from 2013. Of these children, 70.4% were neglected, 10.5% were physically abused, and 4.3% were sexually abused.
- The number of child victims has increased 44% in comparison to the number of victims in 2010.9
- In 2014, there were 2 child deaths resulting from abuse or neglect reported in North Dakota. 10
- 1,365 children in North Dakota lived apart from their families in out-of-home care in 2014, compared with 1,078 children in 2010. Of the children living apart from their families in 2013, there were 408 aged 5 or younger, and 233 were 16 or older. 11
- The number of children living apart from their families in out-of-home care has increased 26.6% in comparison to the number of children in out-of-home care in 2010.¹²
- In 2013, of children in out-of-home care in North Dakota, 54% were white, 3% were black, 6% were Hispanic, 27% were American Indian/Alaskan Native, less than 1% were Asian or Pacific Islander and 10% were of more than one race or ethnicity/undetermined race or ethnicity.¹³

ADOPTION, KINSHIP CARE, AND PERMANENT FAMILIES FOR CHILDREN

- Of the 785 children exiting out-of-home care in 2013 in North Dakota, 56% were reunited with their parents or primary caretakers.¹⁴
- 96 children were legally adopted through a public child welfare agency in North Dakota in 2014, decreasing 7.7% from 104 in 2013.¹⁵
- Of the 1,365 children in out-of-home care in 2014, there were 262 or 19.2% waiting to be adopted. 16
- In 2014, approximately 2,885 grandparents in North Dakota had the primary responsibility of caring for their grandchildren.¹⁷
- 189 of the children in out-of-home care in 2013 were living with relatives while in care. 18



CHILD POVERTY AND INCOME SUPPORT

- The total number of individuals receiving Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) in North Dakota decreased from 3,274 in 2014 to 2,966 in 2015, a 9.4% change. 1,192 families received TANF in 2015, decreasing 8.6% from 2014. 19
- From 2013 to 2014, for every 100 of families living in poverty in North Dakota, 13 received TANF benefits. ²⁰
- \$37,172,730 was spent in 2014 on TANF assistance in North Dakota, including 12% on basic assistance, 3% on child care, 1% on transportation, and 45% on nonassistance.²¹
- \$7,272,648 was spent in 2014 on WIC (the Special Supplement Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children) in North Dakota, serving 12,814 participants.²²
- In 2014, North Dakota distributed \$95,110,175 in child support funds, increasing 3.1% from 2013.²³
- 31,000 children in North Dakota lived in households with a high housing burden in 2013, where more than 30% of monthly income is spent on housing costs.²⁴
- In 2014, the unemployment rate in North Dakota was 2.8%.²⁵
- 8.4% of households in North Dakota were food insecure on average from 2012 to 2014, meaning that the family experienced difficulty providing enough food due to lack of resources at some point during the year. ²⁶

CHILD CARE AND HEAD START

- In 2014, North Dakota had a monthly average of 3,200 children served by subsidized child care. An average of 2,200 children received subsidized child care per month in 2013 and 2,300 were recepients in 2012.²⁷
- In 2014, to be eligible for subsidized child care in North Dakota, a family of three could make no more than \$61,524 at application, which is equivalent to 85% of the state's median income.²⁸
- As of early 2015, North Dakota had no children on its waiting list for child care assistance.
- In 2014, Head Start served 2,378 children in North Dakota, increasing 2.59% from 2013.³⁰

HEALTH AND SUBSTANCE ABUSE

- 54,076 children in North Dakota were enrolled in Medicaid in 2014, increasing 6.1% from 2013.³¹
- In 2014, North Dakota had 5,032 children enrolled in its State Children's Health Insurance Program, decreasing 55.4% from 2013, when 11,281 children were enrolled.³²
- In 2014, North Dakota had 11,542 uninsured children.³³
- 704 babies were born weighing less than 2,500 grams in North Dakota in 2014.³⁴



- 65 infants under age 1 died in North Dakota in 2013.³⁵
- In 2014, the birth rate for teens ages 15 to 17 in North Dakota was 8.6 births per 1,000 girls. The rate was 42.1 for teens ages 18 to 19. This reflects a total rate of 23.9 births for girls ages 15 to 19.36
- Cumulative through 2014, there were 210 adults and adolescents and 2 children younger than 13 reported as having HIV/AIDS in North Dakota.³⁷
- In 2014, an estimated 3,000 children ages 12 to 17 and 50,000 adults age 18 and older were dependent on or abusing illicit drugs or alcohol in North Dakota.³⁸
- In 2014, approximately 2,000 children ages 12 to 17 needed but had not received treatment for alcohol use in the past year.³⁹
- In 2014, approximately 1,000 children ages 12 to 17 needed but had not received treatment for illicit drug use in the past year.⁴⁰

VULNERABLE YOUTH

- 64 children in North Dakota aged out of out-of-home care—exited foster care to emancipation—in 2013.41
- 88% of high school students in North Dakota graduated on time at the end of the 2012-13 year.
- 3,000 teens ages 16 to 19 in North Dakota were not enrolled in school and not working in 2014.⁴³
- 7,000 young adults ages 18 to 24 were not enrolled in school, were not working, and had no degree beyond high school in 2013.⁴⁴
- 49.8% of young adults in North Dakota ages 25 to 34 had an associate's degree or higher from 2011 to 2013.
- In 2014, there were no reports of children in North Dakota aged 10 to 14 committing suicide, and 12 reports of suicide among children aged 15 to 19.⁴⁶

JUVENILE JUSTICE AND DELINQUENCY PREVENTION

- Less than 10 children under age 19 were killed by a firearm in North Dakota in 2014, similar to the number reported in 2013.⁴⁷
- 3,633 children younger than 18 were arrested in North Dakota in 2014. Violent crimes were the reason for 47 of the arrests in 2014.⁴⁸
- 171 children lived in juvenile correction facilities in North Dakota in 2013.⁴⁹



CHILD WELFARE WORKFORCE⁵⁰

- The federal Child and Family Service Reviews have clearly demonstrated that the more time a caseworker spends with a child and family, the better the outcomes for those children and families.⁵¹
- According to a 2003 GAO report, the average caseload for child welfare/foster care caseworkers is 24–31 children; these
 high caseloads contribute to high worker turnover and insufficient services being provided to children and families. CWLA
 recommends that foster care caseworkers have caseloads of 12–15 children.⁵²
- Average turnover rates for child welfare agencies range from 20% to 40%.⁵³ Turnover rates at around 10% are considered to be optimal in any agency.⁵⁴
- Caseworker turnover has negative outcomes for children in the child welfare system, including placement disruptions and increased time in out-of-home care. 55
- According to the National Survey of Child and Adolescent Well-Being II baseline report, 75% of caseworkers earned a salary between \$30,000 and \$49,999.⁵⁶
- The majority of caseworkers hold a bachelor's degree (52.3%) or a bachelor of social work degree (21.9%). Only 25% of caseworkers hold a master's degree.⁵⁷
- A workload model in Colorado found that approximately 574 additional caseworkers were needed in their state to adequately provide child welfare services, due to estimated time requirements for meaningful services. This number represents a 49% increase that is needed on top of hours already spent on case related tasks.⁵⁸

FUNDING CHILD WELFARE SERVICES FOR NORTH DAKOTA'S CHILDREN

- In 2012, North Dakota spent \$62,917,595 for child welfare services. Child welfare services are all direct and administrative services the state agency provides to children and families. Of this amount, \$37,713,310 was from federal funds, \$15,328,817 from state funds, and \$9,875,468 from local funds.⁵⁹
- In 2012, of the \$37,713,310 in federal funds received for child welfare, 42.8% was from Title IV-E Foster Care and Adoption Assistance, 2.1% came from Title IV-B Child Welfare Services and Promoting Safe and Stable Families, 5% was from Medicaid, 0% came from Social Services Block Grant, 42.3% was from TANF, and 7.9% came from other federal sources.⁶⁰
- North Dakota received \$10,607,377 in federal funds for IV-E foster care expenditures in 2012, including \$4,823,276 for maintenance payments and \$5,784,101 for administration, child placement, the statewide automated child welfare information system, and training.⁶¹



¹ "At A Glance" statistics are from 2014.

² U.S. Census Bureau (2016). ACS Demographic and Housing Estimates: 2014 American Community Survey 1-year estimates. Retrieved January 28, 2016 from http://www.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/.

³ Ibid

⁴ U.S. Census Bureau (2016). Selected Economic Characteristics, 2014 American Community Survey 1-year estimates. Retrieved January 28, 2016 from http://www.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/.

- ⁵ Ibid.
- ⁶ Ibid
- ⁷ Ibid.
- ⁸ U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Administration on Children, Youth and Families, Children's Bureau. (2016). *Child Maltreatment 2014: Report from the States to the National Child Abuse and Neglect Data System: Table 3-3: Child Victims, 2010-2014.* Retrieved January 28, 2016 from http://www.acf.hhs.gov/sites/default/files/cb/cm2014.pdf.
- U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Administration on Children, Youth and Families, Children's Bureau. (2016). Child Maltreatment 2014: Report from the States to the National Child Abuse and Neglect Data System: Table 3-7: Maltreatment Types of Victims, 2014. Retrieved January 28, 2016 from http://www.acf.hhs.gov/sites/default/files/cb/cm2014.pdf.
- Note: The percentage difference is a CWLA calculation. Overlap in the percentages of types of abuse is possible as a child may have experienced more than one type of abuse.
- ⁹ U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Administration on Children, Youth and Families, Children's Bureau. (2016). *Child Maltreatment 2014: Report from the States to the National Child Abuse and Neglect Data System: Table 3-3: Child Victims, 2010-2014.* Retrieved January 28, 2016 from http://www.acf.hhs.gov/sites/default/files/cb/cm2014.pdf.
- ¹⁰ U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Administration on Children, Youth and Families, Children's Bureau. (2016). *Child Maltreatment 2014: Reports from the States to the National Child Abuse and Neglect Data System: Table 4-2: Child Fatalities, 2010-2014.* Retrieved January 28, 2016 from http://www.acf.hhs.gov/sites/default/files/cb/cm2014.pdf.
- ¹¹ U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Administration on Children, Youth and Families, Children's Bureau. (2015). FY 2005 FY 2014 Foster Care: Entries, Exits, and in Care on the Last Day of Each Federal Fiscal Year: Numbers of Children In Foster Care on September 30th, by State FY 2005–FY 2014. Retrieved January 28, 2016 from http://www.acf.hhs.gov/sites/default/files/cb/children in care 2014.pdf.
- Annie E. Casey Foundation, Kids Count Data Center.(2015). Adoption and Foster Care Analysis and Reporting System, Child Trends, National Data Archive on Child Abuse and Neglect: Children in Foster Care by Age Group, 2013, <1 and 1-5 age groups (Number). Retrieved February 1, 2016 from http://datacenter.kidscount.org/data/tables/6244-children-in-foster-care-by-age-group#detailed/2/2-52/false/36/1889,2616/12988.
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- ¹² U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Administration on Children, Youth and Families, Children's Bureau. (2015). FY 2005 FY 2014 Foster Care: Entries, Exits, and in Care on the Last Day of Each Federal Fiscal Year: Numbers of Children In Foster Care on September 30th, by State FY 2005–FY 2014. Retrieved February 1, 2016 from http://www.acf.hhs.gov/sites/default/files/cb/children_in_care_2014.pdf.

Note: The percent difference is a CWLA calculation.

- ¹³ Annie E. Casey Foundation, Kids Count Data Center.(2015). *Adoption and Foster Care Analysis and Reporting System, Child Trends, National Data Archive on Child Abuse and Neglect: Children in Foster Care by Race and Hispanic Origin, 2013(Percent)*. Retrieved February 24, 2016 from <a href="http://datacenter.kidscount.org/data/tables/6246-children-in-foster-care-by-race-and-hispanic-origin?loc=1&loct=2#detailed/2/2-52/false/36/2638,2601,2600,2598,2603,2597,2602,1353/12992,12993.
- ¹⁴ U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Administration on Children, Youth and Families, Children's Bureau. (2015). FY 2005 FY 2014 Foster Care: Entries, Exits, and in Care on the Last Day of Each Federal Fiscal Year: Table: Numbers of Children Exiting Foster Care by State FY 20045 FY 2014. Retrieved February 1, 2016 from http://www.acf.hhs.gov/sites/default/files/cb/exiting_foster_care2014.pdf.
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- 15 U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Administration on Children, Youth and Families, Children's Bureau. (2015). *Table: Adoptions of Children with Public Child Welfare Agency Involvement By State: FY 2005 FY 2014.* Retrieved February 1, 2016 from http://www.acf.hhs.gov/sites/default/files/cb/children_adopted2014.pdf. Note: The percentage is a CWLA calculation.
- ¹⁶ U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Administration on Children, Youth and Families, Children's Bureau. (2015). *Children in Public Foster Care Waiting to be Adopted: FY 2005 FY 2014: Table: Children in Public Foster Care on September 30th of Each Year Waiting to be Adopted: FY 2005 FY 2014.* Retrieved February 1, 2016 from http://www.acf.hhs.gov/sites/default/files/cb/children_waiting2014.pdf.

Note: The percent difference is a CWLA calculation.

- ¹⁷ U.S. Census Bureau. (2016). American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates, Data Profile. Selected Social Characteristics in the United States: 2014. Retrieved February 1, 2016 from http://www.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/.
- ¹⁸ Annie E. Casey Foundation, Kids Count Data Center. (2015). Adoption and Foster Care Analysis and Reporting System, Child Trends, National Data Archive on Child Abuse and Neglect: Children in Foster Care by Placement Type, 2013, Foster Family Home Relative (Number). Retrieved February 1,



2016 from http://datacenter.kidscount.org/data/tables/6247-children-in-foster-care-by-placement-type#detailed/2/2-52/true/36/2621/12994.

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 U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Office of Family Assistance. (2015). Data & Reports: TANF Caseload Data 2014: Table: Total Recipients. Retrieved February 1, 2016 from http://www.acf.hhs.gov/programs/ofa/resource/caseload-data-2014.
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 Note: The percent differences are CWLA calculations.
- ²⁰ Center on Budget and Policy Priorities. (2015) A State by State Look at TANF: State Temporary Assistance for Needy Families Programs Do Not Provide Adequate Safety Net for Poor Families: TANF Provides a Safety Net to Few Poor Families: Map TANF-to-poverty ratio: # of families receiving TANF benefits for every 100 poor families with children (2013-2014). Retrieved February 1, 2016 from http://www.cbpp.org/state-temporary-assistance-for-needy-families-programs-do-not-provide-adequate-safety-net-for-poor.
- ²¹ U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Office of Family Assistance. (2015). *TANF Financial Data FY 2014: Table B.1.: Federal TANF and State MOE Expenditures on Assistance in FY 2014.* Retrieved February 1, 2016 from http://www.acf.hhs.gov/programs/ofa/resource/tanf-financial-data-fy-2014.
- U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Office of Family Assistance. (2015). *TANF Financial Data FY 2014: Table B.2.: Summary of Federal TANF and State MOE Expenditures in FY 2014.* Retrieved February 1, 2016 from http://www.acf.hhs.gov/programs/ofa/resource/tanf-financial-data-fy-2014.

Note: The percentages are a CWLA calculation.

- ²² USDA, Food and Nutrition Service. (2016). *Program Data: WIC Program: Monthly Data State Level Participation by Category and Program Costs: Table: WIC Program—Total Number of Participants*. Retrieved February 1, 2016 from http://www.fns.usda.gov/pd/wic-program. USDA, Food and Nutrition Service. (2016). *Program Data: WIC Program: Monthly Data State Level Participation by Category and Program Costs: Table: WIC Program—Food Costs*. Retrieved February 1, 2016 from http://www.fns.usda.gov/pd/wic-program.
- ²³ U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Office of Child Support Enforcement. (2015). *FY2014 Preliminary Report*. Retrieved February 2, 2016 from http://www.acf.hhs.gov/programs/css/resource/fy-2014-preliminary-report.
- ²⁴ Annie E. Casey Foundation, Kids Count Data Center.(2014). *Population Reference Bureau, U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey: Children Living in Households with a High Housing Cost Burden by Race, by State, 2013, Total Race (Number)*. Retrieved February 25, 2016 from <a href="http://datacenter.kidscount.org/data/tables/7244-children-living-in-households-with-a-high-housing-cost-burden?loc=1&loct=2#detailed/2/2-52/false/36,868,867,133,38/any/14287,14288.
- 25 Center for American Progress. (2015). State of the states report 2015. Retrieved March 10, 2016 from https://cdn.americanprogress.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/02/22120741/2015 states all.pdf.

²⁶ Ibid.

- ²⁷ U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Office of Child Care. (2015). *FY 2014 Preliminary Data Table 1 Average Monthly Adjusted Number of Families and Children Served.* Retrieved February 2, 2016 from http://www.acf.hhs.gov/programs/occ/resource/fy-2014-preliminary-data-table-1.
- U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Office of Child Care (2015). FY 2013 Final Data Table 1 Average Monthly Adjusted Number of Families and Children Served. Retrieved February 2, 2016 from http://www.acf.hhs.gov/programs/occ/resource/fy-2013-final-data-table-1-average-monthly-adjusted-number-of-families-and-children-served.
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- ²⁸ Schulman, K. & Blank, H. (2015). *National Women's Law Center, Building blocks, state child care assistance policies 2015*. Retrieved March February 16, 2016 from http://nwlc.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/11/CC RP Building Blocks Assistance Policies 2015.pdf.

Note: Some states allow families, once they begin receiving assistance, to continue receiving assistance up to a higher income level than the initial limit. ²⁹ Ibid.

Note: A family that is eligible for child care assistance may not necessarily receive it. States may place families on waiting lists, or freeze intake (turning away eligible families without adding them to a waiting list).

- ³⁰ U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Early Childhood Learning &Knowledge Center, Office of Head Start. (2015). *Head Start Program Facts Fiscal Year 2014*. Retrieved February 25, 2016 from http://eclkc.ohs.acf.hhs.gov/hslc/data/factsheets/2014-hs-program-factsheet.html.
- U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Early Childhood Learning &Knowledge Center, Office of Head Start. (2014). Head Start Program Facts Fiscal Year 2013. Retrieved February 25, 2016 from http://eclkc.ohs.acf.hhs.gov/hslc/data/factsheets/2013-hs-program-factsheet.html.

Note: The percent difference is a CWLA calculation.

³¹ Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services. (2015, May 3). FY 2014 Unduplicated Number of Children Ever Enrolled in Medicaid and CHIP. Retrieved February 16, 2016 from Medicaid.Gov: https://www.medicaid.gov/chip/downloads/fy-2014-childrens-enrollment-report.pdf.



- Note: The percent difference is a CWLA calculation. Children who switched between CHIP and Medicaid are represented in both data sets.
- ³² Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services. (2015, May 3). FY 2014 Unduplicated Number of Children Ever Enrolled in Medicaid and CHIP. Retrieved February 16, 2016 from Medicaid.Gov: https://www.medicaid.gov/chip/downloads/fy-2014-childrens-enrollment-report.pdf.

Note: The percent difference is a CWLA calculation. Children who switched between CHIP and Medicaid are represented in both data sets.

³³ U.S. Census Bureau. (2014). Types of Health Insurance Coverage By Age, Civilian noninstitutionalized population: 2014 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates. Retrieved February 25, 2016 from

http://www.factfinder.census.gov/faces/tableservices/jsf/pages/productview.xhtml?pid=ACS_14_1YR_B27010&prodType=table.

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- ³⁵ Annie E. Casey Foundation, Kids Count Data Center.(2014). Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Health Statistics, National Vital Statistics System: Rankings/Maps/Trends by Topic: Infant Mortality, by State, 2013 (Number). Retrieved February 3, 2016 from http://datacenter.kidscount.org/data/tables/6051-infant-mortality?loc=1&loct=2#detailed/2/2-52/true/36/any/12718.
- ³⁶ Hamilton B., Martin J., Osterman M., Curtin, S., & Mathews, T. (2015) Births: Final data for 2014. *National Vital Statistics Reports 64*(12). Hyattsville, MD: National Center for Health Statistics. Retrieved February 16, 2016 from http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/nvsr/nvsr64/nvsr64/12.pdf.
- ³⁷ Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. (2016). *HIV Surveillance Report*, 2014. Vol. 26: Retrieved February 6, 2016 from http://www.cdc.gov/hiv/pdf/library/reports/surveillance/cdc-hiv-surveillance-report-us.pdf.
- ³⁸ Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality. (2016). Estimated Totals by State of Substance Use & Mental Health from the 2013-2014 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health: Model-Based Estimated Totals (in Thousands) (50 States and the District of Columbia): Table 20: Dependence or Abuse of Illicit Drugs or Alcohol in the Past Year, by Age Group and State: Estimated Numbers (in Thousands), Annual Averages Based on 2013 and 2014 NSDUHs. Retrieved February 25, 2016 from http://www.samhsa.gov/data/sites/default/files/NSDUHsaeTotals2014.pdf.
- ³⁹ Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality. (2016). 2013-2014 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health: Model-based estimated totals (in thousands) (50 States and the District of Columbia): Table 22: Needing but not receiving treatment for alcohol use in the past year, by age group and state: Estimated numbers (in thousands), annual averages based on 2013 and 2014 NSDUHs. Retrieved February 22, 2016 from http://www.samhsa.gov/data/sites/default/files/NSDUHsaeTotals2014.pdf.
- ⁴⁰ Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality. (2016). 2013-2014 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health: Model-based estimated totals (in thousands) (50 States and the District of Columbia): Table 21: Needing but no receiving treatment for illicit drug use in the past year, by age group and state: Estimated numbers (in thousands), annual averages based on 2013 and 2014 NSDUHs. Retrieved February 22, 2016 from http://www.samhsa.gov/data/sites/default/files/NSDUHsaeTotals2014.pdf.
- ⁴¹ Annie E. Casey Foundation, Kids Count Data Center.(2015). *Children exiting foster care by exit reason*. Retrieved February 8, 2016 from http://datacenter.kidscount.org/data/tables/6277-children-exiting-foster-care-by-exit-reason?loc=1&loct=2#detailed/2/2-52/false/36/2632/13050.
- ⁴² Center for American Progress. (2015). *State of the states report 2015*. Retrieved March 10, 2016 from https://cdn.americanprogress.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/02/22120741/2015 states all.pdf.
- ⁴³ Annie E. Casey Foundation, Kids Count Data Center. (2015). *Teens ages 16 to 19 Not in School and Not Working*. Retrieved February 8, 2016 from http://datacenter.kidscount.org/data/tables/7803-teens-ages-16-to-19-not-in-school-and-not-working-by-race#detailed/2/2-52/false/869/13/15063.
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- ⁴⁸ U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation. (2015). *Crime in the United States 2014: Table 69: Arrests by State, 2014.* Retrieved February 8, 2016 from https://www.fbi.gov/about-us/cjis/ucr/crime-in-the-u.s/2014/crime-in-the-u.s.-2014/tables/table-69.
- ⁴⁹ Sickmund, M., Sladky, T.J., Kang, W., & Puzzanchera, C. (2015). Easy access to the census of juveniles in residential placement. Retrieved February 26, 2016 from http://ojjdp.gov/ojstatbb/ezacjrp/asp/State_Facility.asp.
- ⁵⁰ Note: The dearth in current state-by-state workforce data makes clear the need for critical data on compensation, working conditions including safety issues, academic degrees held, education and training received, and factors contributing to turnover. To address this, CWLA is calling for Congress to authorize the National Academy of Sciences (NAS) to conduct an updated study on the child welfare workforce. It would make recommendations regarding caseloads and workloads, education levels, and training requirements. In addition, the study would examine data reporting and collection and make



recommendations on how states might improve these efforts.

- ⁵¹ U.S. General Accounting Office. (2003). Child welfare: HHS could play a greater role in helping child welfare agencies recruit and retain staff. Retrieved March 9, 2016 from www.gao.gov/new.items/d03357.pdf.
 ⁵² Ibid.
- ⁵³ National Child Welfare Workforce Institute. (2011). *Child welfare workforce demographics* (2000-2010): Snapshot of the frontline child welfare caseworker. Albany, NY. Retrieved March 7, 2016 from https://www.ncwwi.org/files/Workforce_Demographic_Trends_May2011.pdf.
- ⁵⁴ Gallant, M. (2013). *Does your organization have a healthy employee turnover rate?* Retrieved March 7, 2016 from http://www.halogensoftware.com/blog/does-your-organization-have-healthy-employee-turnover.
- 55 Strolin-Goltzman, J., Kollar, S., & Trinkle, J. (2009). Listening to the voices of children in foster care: Youths speak out about child welfare workforce turnover and selection. *Social Work*, 55(1), 47-53.
- ⁵⁶ Office of Planning, Research and Evaluation, Administration for Children and Families (2011). NSCAW II baseline report caseworker characteristics, child welfare services, and experiences of children placed in out-of-home care. Washington, DC. Retrieved February 19, 2016 from www.acf.hhs.gov/sites/default/files/opre/nscaw2_cw.pdf.
 ⁵⁷ Ibid
- 58 Colorado Department of Human Services. (2014). Colorado child welfare county workload study. Retrieved March 7, 2016 from http://www.leg.state.co.us/OSA/coauditor1.nsf/All/E5214710B77C878487257D320050F29A/\$FILE/1354S%20-%20Colorado%20Childrens'%20Welfare%20Workload%20Study%20Report%20August%202014.pdf.
- DeVooght, K., Fletcher, M., & Cooper, H. (2014). Federal, State, and Local spending to address child abuse and neglect in SFY 2012: Appendix A:SFY 2012 State-by-State Data. 2008/2010 Casey Child Welfare Financing Survey and 2012 Casey Child Welfare Financing Survey. Washington, DC. Retrieved February 26, 2016 from http://www.childtrends.org/wp-content/uploads/2014/09/2014-61ChildWelfareSpending-2012-2nd-revision-march.pdf. Note: Examples of direct services include child abuse/neglect investigations, foster care, community-based programs, case management, and all such services required for the safety, permanency, and well-being of children. Examples of administrative services include management information systems, training programs, eligibility determination processes, and all services that provide the infrastructure supports for the public agency. The component funding streams may not equal the total, depending on additional child support and demonstration funds for this state.
- ⁶¹ Ibid.

